

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Roomi Fabrics Limited

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Rating History							
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch		
27-Dec-2019	A-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-		
28-Jun-2019	A-	A2	Stable	Maintain	-		
28-Dec-2018	A-	A2	Stable	Maintain			
30-Jun-2018	A-	A2	Stable	Initial	-		

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The ratings reflect adequate business profile of Roomi Fabrics Limited (Roomi Fabrics' or 'The Company') and its association with Mahmood Group. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing of yarn and griege fabric, primarily catering to the fashion market. The Company has built a significant investment portfolio that is managed at the group level. The Company witnessed growth in its topline and margins which led to improved profitability from core operations. Overall profitability of the Company remains a function of income from its large investment portfolio in shape of dividends and capital gains/losses. Although the Company is invested in blue-chip scrips, high market risk exposes the Company to volatile returns. This concern is magnified as the investments are partially financed through short-term borrowings. The recent upsurge in equity market favors the Company's investment portfolio as valuations increase. Free Cashflows have recently shown improvement resulting in better coverages. However, financial profile of the Company remains stretched given highly leveraged capital structure and limited borrowing capacity. Board's vast experience and association with Mahmood Group bodes well for the Company.

The ratings are dependent on the Company's ability to improve its financial profile by reducing leveraging. The management is working on this front and timely materialization of these initiatives is critical. Additionally, maintaining margins and improving profitability from core operations is important. Significant deterioration in coverages and/or margins will impact the ratings.

Disclosure				
Name of Rated Entity	Roomi Fabrics Limited			
Type of Relationship	Solicited			
Purpose of the Rating	Entity Rating			
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Corporate Ratings(Jun-19),Methodology Correlation Between Long-Term And Short-Term Rating Scale(Jun-19),Criteria Rating Modifier(Jun-19)			
Related Research	Sector Study Composite(Nov-19)			
Rating Analysts	Muhammad Hassan muhammad.hassan@pacra.com +92-42-35869504			



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Composite

Profile

Legal Structure Roomi Fabrics Limited was incorporated in Pakistan in 2002, as a Public Limited Company.

Background Roomi Fabrics Limited is a venture of Mahmood Group, which was originally established in 1935, initially entering the tannery business. Now the group has presence in complete textile chain (growing to finished products), tanneries, real estate and food.

Operations The Company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of yarn and greige fabric, primarily catering to the home textile segment. Roomi Fabrics Limited operates 36,000 spindles and 228 looms. The Company has a total of 7 generators installed, which produce 12.8MW of electricity.

Ownership

Ownership Structure The Khawaja family comprises of chairman for all group companies Mr. Khawaja Muhammad Iqbal – the eldest son of late Mr. Khawaja Muhammad Masood, his three brothers and three sisters. Khawaja family directly owns 97% of the Company and the remaining 3% is indirectly owned through group companies.

Stability Defined and streamlined shareholding pattern among family members along with clear succession adds strength to the structure. However, documentation of succession plan would bring clarity for stability of ownership.

Business Acumen The Chairman and his three brothers form the core cabinet, which is the main decision making body for finalizing the future strategy of the group. The group's core functions are divided between each of the four brothers.

Financial Strength Mahmood Group maintains strong financial profile with a considerable equity base and substantial investments in equities and property. This indicates sponsors' ability to provide support if need arises.

Governance

Board Structure The Company's board comprises eight members, including the Chairman - Mr. Khawaja Muhammad Iqbal and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) - Khawaja Jalaluddin Roomi. All board members are from the sponsor-family.

Members' Profile The board has vast knowledge and experience in textile industry. The directors' expertise of various stages of textile value-chain leads to a good skill mix. Mr. Iqbal - Chairman - of Mahmood group, has more than four decades of relevant experience.

Board Effectiveness Total number of meetings held during the year was four, which were attended by all the members. High attendance bodes well for board effectiveness. However, there is room for improvement in recording minutes and establishing best governance practices.

Financial Transparency M/s ShineWing Hameed Chaudry & Co. Chartered Accountants, classified in category B by the SBP's panel of auditors are the external auditors of the Company. The auditors issued an unqualified opinion on the Company's financial statements for year ended on 30th June, 2019.

Management

Organizational Structure Top tier management functions are held at group level by the sponsors, where middle tier is taken care by a team of experienced professionals. The organizational structure of the Company is divided into various departments with reporting to both, CEO and BOD.

Management Team The top management is supported by a team of professionals working under various sub-divisions to ensure smooth reporting. . Mr. Roomi – CEO - has more than three decades of textile experience and has been at his current position for over 20 years. Mr. Javed Anjum - CFO of the Company - is a qualified Chartered Accountant with an overall experience of more than 15 years. He also serves as the Company Secretary. Most of the senior management has been associated with the group for a considerable amount of time.

Effectiveness Board meetings are held formally and separately for all group companies and are chaired by Mr. Khawaja Muhammad Iqbal, the Chairman. Meeting minutes are captured formally; however there is room for improvement.

MIS The company's MIS is generated on a monthly and daily basis, for both the spinning and the weaving units separately. Various reports are collected and submitted to higher management regarding monthly operations, finished goods, cotton reconciliation report, yield report and raw material report.

Control Environment To effectively manage online reporting, the group has in place two teams, one for ERP and the other for IT support. In addition to this, the group has in place two committees, one for order management and the other for human resources.

Business Risk

Industry Dynamics Pakistan's textile exports displayed small negative YoY growth in dollar terms in 4MFY19. While some leading textile categories displayed strong volumetric growth, the hit to unit prices on account of exporters having to share the benefit of the currency depreciation with buyers in the extremely competitive international market, curbed overall growth. Meanwhile, cotton yarn exports witnessed sizable decline, driven by falling yarn prices as well as the US-China trade war. Recent economic policies including the reimposition of 10% duty on ginned cotton, removal of zero-rated status of the textile sector and sharp rise in interest rates has pressurized margins of industry players.

Relative Position With 36,000 spindles and 228 looms, Roomi Fabrics is able to land in the middle tier of textile industry. Overall as a group. Cumulatively the group owns ~300,000 spindles and 850 looms and can qualify as one of the biggest textile manufacturing groups in Pakistan.

Revenues During FY19, the Company's revenue grew by ~41% to ~PKR 13,248mln (FY18: PKR 9,377mln) owing to addition in capacity, as well as, enhancement of existing machinery under the recently completed BMR. Exports accounted for 84% of total sales and consequently currency devaluation was another contributor to revenue increase,. This growth trend in revenue continued through 1QFY20 as it clocked in at PKR 3,859mln (1QFY19: PKR 2,962mln).

Margins The Company's gross margin, improved to 15.2% in FY19 (FY18: 11%) due to higher revenue. This translated in to an improved operating margin of 11.2% in FY19 (FY18: 6.7%). Net profit margin dropped to 1.5% (FY18: 2.3%) on the back of higher finance cost. During 1QFY20, gross margin slightly decreased to 13.2% and operating margin to 8.9% while the net profit margin increased to 1.7%.

Sustainability Sale volumes are expected to further improve as a result of recently completed BMR, which included installation of 8 terry looms for PKR 3.8mln and increasing the numbers of spindles from 25,200 to 36,000 for PKR 948mln. This coupled with on-going BMR that includes up gradation of existing looms and spindles is expected to have positive impact on the Company's long term performance.

Financial Risk

Working Capital During FY19, the Company's net working capital cycle remained stagnant at 146days (FY18: 145days). Short term borrowings decreased to PKR 6,489mln (FY18: PKR 7,770mln) as the average trade receivable days decreased to 50days (FY18: 58days). The Company's room to borrow improved to -17% (FY18: -48%) due to increase in net trade assets by ~12% and decrease in short term borrowings by ~16%. During 1QFY20, room to borrow further improved and clocked in at -1%, however, there is still room for improvement for the elimination of this asset/liability mismatch. Net working capital cycle in 1QFY20 improved to 126days on the back of further decrease in trade receivable days (39days) and average inventory days (94days).

Coverages The Company's FCFO increased by ~45% in FY19 and clocked in at 1,700mln (FY18: PKR 1,176mln) due to higher profitability. The increase in FCFO was overshadowed by ~78% increase in finance cost (FY19: PKR 898mln, FY18: PKR 503days) because of higher interest rates. This led to interest coverage ratio decreasing to 1.9x (FY18: 2.3x) and debt coverage ratio to 1.3x (FY18: 1.7x). In 1QFY20, interest coverage ratio slightly declined to 1.8x while debt coverage ratio remained stagnant at 1.3x.

Capitalization The Company has a highly leveraged capital structure. During 9MFY19, the Company's leveraging remained stagnant at ~71% (FY18: ~71%). Majority of the debt comprises of STB which accounts for ~70% (FY18: ~82%) of the total debt, most of it is used to fund working capital while the remainder is used to finance short term investments. During 1QFY19, leveraging slightly decreased to STB ~68%.

Roomi Fabrics Limited Dec-19
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3.1

0.9

0.4

-12.3

63.1%

0.8

5.3%

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited Roomi Fabrics Limited	Sep-19	Jun-19	Jun-18	PKR mln Jun-17
Textile	3M	12M	12M	12M
A BALANCE SHEET				
1 Non-Current Assets	4,610	4,697	3,659	3,373
2 Investments	2,858	3,665	4,354	4,378
3 Related Party Exposure	2,838	173	62	4,570
4 Current Assets	6,412	6,680	6,249	3,013
a Inventories	3,457	4,472	3,291	1,878
b Trade Receivables	1,914	1,412	2,204	770
5 Total Assets	14,087	15,215	14,323	10,763
6 Current Liabilities	1,219	1,303	1,022	963
a Trade Payables	307	321	491	200
7 Borrowings	8,776	9,849	9,466	6,180
8 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	<u>-</u>	-	-	_
10 Net Assets	4,092	4.063	3,836	3,620
11 Shareholders' Equity	4,092	4,063	3,836	3,620
D INCOME CITATION TENT				
B INCOME STATEMENT 1 Sales	3,859	13,248	9,377	7,198
a Cost of Good Sold	(3,349)	(11,231)	(8,346)	(6,75)
2 Gross Profit	510	2,017	1,030	(0,731
a Operating Expenses	(165)	(530)	(400)	(418
3 Operating Profit	345	1,488	630	29
a Non Operating Income	7	(346)	112	1,165
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	352	1,142	742	1,194
a Total Finance Cost	(246)	(1,006)	(547)	(362
b Taxation	(42)	69	20	(189
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	64	204	215	644
C O LOW BY OWN O'TH TIPE MENUP				
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	391	1,700	1.176	215
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	159	1,700	792	(35
c Changes in Working Capital	196	(115)	(2,566)	(230
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	354	1,584	(1,774)	(26)
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	679	(953)	(1,502)	(533
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	(1,073)	(535)	3,283	569
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(40)	97	7	(230
D RATIO ANALYSIS				
1 Performance				
a Sales Growth (for the period)	16.5%	41.3%	30.3%	
b Gross Profit Margin	13.2%	15.2%	11.0%	6.2%
c Net Profit Margin	1.7%	1.5%	2.3%	8.9%
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (EBITDA/Sales)	11.2%	13.9%	13.7%	4.2%
e Return on Equity (ROE)	6.3%	5.2%	5.8%	17.8%
2 Working Capital Management	enter of	*:=/*	*****	
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	133	157	159	119
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	126	146	145	108
c Current Ratio (Total Current Assets/Total Current Liabilities)	5 3	5.1	61	3.1

5.3

2.0

1.3

4.3

68.2%

0.7

9.4%

c Current Ratio (Total Current Assets/Total Current Liabilities)

c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)

b FCFO/Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB

b Short-Term Borrowings / Total Borrowings

4 Capital Structure (Total Debt/Total Debt+Equity) $a\ Total\ Borrowings / Total\ Borrowings + Equity$

3 Coverages

a EBITDA / Finance Cost

c Average Borrowing Rate

5.1

2.1

1.3

3.7

70.8%

0.7

9.3%

6.1

2.6

1.7

2.5

71.2%

0.8

6.4%



Credit Rating Scale & Definitions

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Long Term Ratings		Short Term Ratings			
	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments		The highest capacity for timely repayment.		
AAA			A strong capacity for timely repayment.		
AA+ AA	AA capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly		A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business,		
AA-	vulnerable to foreseeable events.		economic, or financial conditions. An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such		
A +	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of	A3	capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.		
A A-	financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.		The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.		
			An inadequate capacity to ensure timely repayment.		
BBB+	payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in		Short Term Ratings		
BBB+ BB BB-	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.	Long	A1+ A1 A2 A3 B C AAA AA+ AA AA- A+ A		
B+ B B-	commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment. CC C		A- BBB+ BBB- BB+		
CCC CC C			BB BB- B+ B B-		
D			CCC CC		

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative,
Developing) Indicates the potential and direction
of a rating over the intermediate term in response
to trends in economic and/or fundamental
business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily
a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook
means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive'
means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may
be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting
elements, the outlook may be described as
'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or in anticipation of, a) some material identifiable event and/or b) deviation from expected trend. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating Watch may accompany

Outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) cessation of underlying entity, c) the debt instrument is redeemed, d) the rating remains suspended for six months, e) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and f) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Disclaimer: PACRA's ratings are an assessment of the credit standing of entities/issue in Pakistan. They do not take into account the potential transfer / convertibility risk that may exist for foreign currency creditors. PACRA's opinion is not a recommendation to purchase, sell or hold a security, in as much as it does not comment on the security's market price or suitability for a particular investor.

Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

(Credit Rating Companies Regulations, 2016)

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
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- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
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- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
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- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(f-VII)

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