

## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

# Rating Report

# **Gul Ahmed Electric Limited**

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Rating History					
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
20-Feb-2020	BBB-	A3	Stable	Initial	-

### **Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers**

Gul Ahmed Energy Limited is setting up 50 MW wind power plant - Gul Ahmed Electric Limited. The ratings incorporate the Group's previous experience in successfully commissioning and operating a 50MW Wind Energy Power Plant (Metro Power Company Limited) and another 50MW Wind Energy Power Plant (Gul Ahmed Wind Power Limited). GEL is awarded a cost plus tariff, with the payments to be received from CPPA-G backed by the sovereign guarantee. Currently, project is exposed to completion risk because construction is due to start in May 2020; Hydrochina International Engineering Company Limited & Hangzhou Huachen Electric Power Control Company are the EPC contractors, comfort is drawn that they have ~40 years of worldwide experience in the wind power technology. The performance bond is yet to be procured. In case of delay in achieving the COD, the EPC contractors will be liable to pay the liquidated damages of \$ 28,000 per day backed by irrevocable bank guarantee of 15% of EPC cost. The construction contractor will be the O&M operator for two years after COD; it will provide the warranty bond (10% of EPC cost) in the form of irrevocable bank guarantee for 24 months after COD. These bank guarantees provide additional cushion for the sustainable financial risk profile. They intend to mobilize the local resources for achieving timely completion despite travel advisories. Further, the company will maintain the Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA), which will be backed by 6 months SBLCs, in total providing coverage of six months on its financial obligations till maturity. Further, the project revenues and cash flows are exposed to wind risk, there is seasonal variation in the wind speed which effect the electricity generation, and ultimately cash flows may face seasonality. However, historical wind speeds provide comfort that GEL would be able to generate enough cash flows to keep its financial risk manageable. Comfort is drawn from the group association, having strong financial backing and relevant experience as well.

The Company has signed Energy Purchase Agreement ("EPA") with CPPA-G, as per the EPA, in case of non-project missed volumes the power purchaser shall be liable to pay the missed volumes calculated using tariff rates. The Government of Pakistan has given payment guarantee against dues from CPPA-G. The Company does not have project insurance as of now but the management is in the process of finalization of the Project Insurance and they are confident it will be procured before the Construction of the Project begins in May, 2020, which remains important at the moment. Furthermore, external factors such as any adverse changes in the regulatory framework or prolonged delay in achieving COD may impact the ratings. Upholding financial discipline is also a consideration.

Disclosure		
Name of Rated Entity	Gul Ahmed Electric Limited	
Type of Relationship	Solicited	
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating	
Applicable Criteria	Methodology   IPP(Jun-19),Methodology   Correlation Between Long-Term And Short-Term Rating Scale(Jun-19),Criteria   Rating Modifier(Jun-19)	
Related Research	Sector Study   Power(Jan-20)	
Rating Analysts	Saadat Mirza   saadat.mirza@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504	





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### Profile

Plant Gul Ahmed Electric Limited (GEL) is a Renewable Energy Independent Power Producer (RE IPP) operating under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006. The company is setting up 50MW wind power plant located in Jhimpir, District Thatta, Sindh.

Tariff GEL is awarded cost-plus tariff for wind power projects by NEPRA. On Nov'18 NEPRA has determined the tariff, the company has a generation tariff PKR 7.2340 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 1-10 and generation tariff of PKR 2.3790 per Kilowatt hour (KWh) for years 11-25. The levelized tariff for the project is US¢ 4.7212/KWh at the time of the financial close.

Return On Project The ROE of the project, as agreed with NEPRA, is 14%.

### Ownership

Ownership Structure Gul Ahmed Electric Ltd (GEL) is wholly owned by Gul Ahmed Energy Ltd (GAEL). The shareholding of GAEL is vested among Gul Ahmed Energy Group (67.68%), Toyota Tsusho Corporation (18.62%), Tomen Power (Singapore) P.T.E Limited (12.87% and Wartsila (0.92%).

Stability Gul Ahmed Energy Group has a long history of diversified business. The Group gradually diversified in various industries with operations across textile, manufacturing, investments, power & energy and currently it is one of the leading industrial groups in the country.

Business Acumen Sponsor group has significant experience in textile, trading and power & energy.

Financial Strength The financial strength of the sponsors is considered strong as they have well diversified profitable businesses

### Governance

Board Structure Gul Ahmed Electric Limited Board of Directors (BoD) comprises three members with extensive experience.

Members' Profile Mr. Iqbal Alimohamed is the Chairman of the board and has been associated with the Gul Ahmed Group since its inception. While, Mr Abdul Razak Teli is currently serving as a director on the board of GEL and has over five decades of experience under his belt. Mr.Mohammad Siraj Kassam, with over three decades of experience is a veteran businessman also serving on the board of GEL.

Board Effectiveness The experiences of board will help guide the management in developing effective operational and financial policies.

Financial Transparency A.F. Ferguson & Co., one of the Big 4 Audit Firm, is the current external auditor of the company. Riaz Ahmad, Saqib, Gohar & Co. were the external auditor for the FY'19, who gave an unqualified opinion.

### Management

**Organizational Structure** Gul Ahmed Electric Limited has a lean organizational structure. The company has a well-defined lean organizational structure with a professional management team in place to monitor the operations and assure control mechanisms.

Management Team Mr. Iqbal Alimohamed is the CEO of the company. Mr. Iqbal has over fifty years of diversified experience in industry. Mr. Iqbal is the member of ICAP and ICAEW.

Effectiveness GEL's management effectiveness plays a significant role in empowering the organization through positive results, which has made decision making process systematic.

Control Environment GEL has in place an efficient MIS reporting system for its operations, enabling efficient monitoring and timely decision making.

### **Completion Risk**

Engineering And Procurement GEL has signed an Onshore Contract with HydroChina International Engineering Company Limited and Offshore supply contract with Hangzhou Huachen Electric Power Control Company of ~USD 12mln and ~USD 45.08mln respectively. Wind power projects' cost is mainly comprised of wind turbines and other instruments, hence cost of offshore EPC contract is major component of total EPC cost. HydroChina is responsible for the overall management, coordination, and implementation of the project. Construction of the project will start from May 2020. The company evaluated various WTG technologies available in Pakistan and opted for Goldwind GW 121 2.5 MW turbines.

Power Purchase Agreement Gul Ahmed Electric Limited operates under the Renewable Energy Policy 2006. Energy Purchase Agreement is with CPPA-G, and has tenure of 25 years.

Pre-Commissioning Progress HydroChina International Engineering Company Limited has extensive expertise in Engineering and Design of Renewable Energy projects both within and outside of China. Subject Company is already involved in other wind power projects in Pakistan. Performance bond is yet to be procured by the GEL.

**Performance Default Risk** Project Insurance has not been attained by the GEL's management as of now. But the management is in the process of finalization of the Project Insurance and they are confident it will be procured before the Construction of the Project begins in May, 2020, the plant will be constructed in 15 months but might be delay in actual COD on account of unavailability of transmission infrastructure. EPC contractors will be liable to pay Liquidated Damages (LDs) as per the contract if benchmark performance ratio is not met or in the event that plant is not functional by the COD.

### Performance Risk

**Industry Dynamics** The government has devised a concrete plan to enhance share of renewable energy in the existing energy mix by 30 per cent till 2030. According to NEPRA, the wind power potential of Pakistan is 50,000MW with current installed capacity at 1,186MW and further wind energy IPPs of 1,014 MW, which have achieved financial close.

**Operation And Maintenance** The long term O&M contract is yet to be finalized.

Fuel Supply Agreement Since the project is located in Jhimpir wind corridor, the wind risk is considered low. Tariff is based on a conservative energy estimate and it is highly likely that energy generation will be in excess of the estimate.

Performance Benchmark The required capacity factor is 38% by NEPRA

### Financial Risk

Financing Structure Analysis The total project cost is ~USD 62.95mln, consisting of 80% of debt (~USD 50.36ml) and 20% of equity (~USD 12.59mln). The debt financing constitutes foreign loan of ~USD 25mln (3MLIBOR+4.25%) and local loan of ~PKR 4.03bln at 6% fixed rate as per SBP re-finance scheme. The foreign loan has the maturity of 13 years while the local loan has maturity of 10 years. Both the local and foreign loan are repayable in quarterly installments. The equity will be injected by the sponsors.

Liquidity Profile As circular debt continues to be an issue for companies operating in power sector. Consequently, IPPs have to manage their liquidity requirements from short-term borrowings.

Working Capital Financing Renewable IPPs do not have to pay for fuel which minimize their working capital needs.

Cash Flow Analysis The stability and sustainability of future cash flows of GEL depends completely on continuous performance of its wind turbines. Gul Ahmed Electric Limited has to generate adequate cash flows which will be enough to meet its debt obligations. The company would have to make quarterly principal repayments of debt, which also includes foreign debt. The company will maintain the Debt Service Reserve Account (DSRA), which will be equivalent to two quarterly payments (6 months). Capitalization As at end of June-19, GEL has no borrowings. The company, however, achieved financial close during November-19 while drawdown is expected in May

2020 and as a result the leverage of the company is expected to increase significantly.

**Financial Summary** 



## The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

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Gul Ahmed Electric Limited			
BALANCE SHEET	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17
	FY19	FY18	FY17
Non-Current Assets	<b>CO</b>	47	27
Investments (Others)	69	47	37
Equity	48	60	68
Debt	<del>-1</del> 0	-	-
Current Assets	1	1.4	1
Inventory		-	
Trade Receivables	_	_	_
Other Current Assets	1	0.7	1
Cash & Bank Balances	0	0.6	0
Total Assets	118	109	106
10417.5505			
Debt	_	_	-
Short-term	_	_	_
Long-term (Inlc. Current Maturity of long-term debt)	-	-	-
Other Short term liabilities (inclusive of trade payables)	7	1	1
Other Long term Liabilities	-	-	-
Shareholder's Equity	111	108	105
Total Liabilities & Equity	118	109	106
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INCOME STATEMENT			
Turnover	-	-	-
Gross Profit	-	-	-
Operating Expense	(0)	(0)	(0)
Other Income	3	3	4
Financial Charges	(0)	(0)	(0)
Net Income	3	3	4
Cashflow Statement			
Free Cashflow from Operations (FCFO)	1	1	(0)
Net Cash changes in Working Capital	6	0	(0)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	7	1	(0)
Net Cash from InvestingActivities	(7)	(0)	(1)
Net Cash from Financing Activities	-	-	-
Net Cash generated during the period	(0)	0	(1)
The same general arming and person	(-)	-	( ' )
Ratio Analysis			
Performance			
Turnover Growth	N/A	N/A	N/A
Gross Margin	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net Margin	N/A	N/A	N/A
ROE	N/A	N/A	N/A
Coverages			
Debt Service Coverage (X) (FCFO/Gross Interest+CMLTD)	-	-	-
Interest Coverage (X) (FCFO/Gross Interest)	-	-	-
FCFO Pre-WC/Gross interest+CMLTD+Uncovered STB	-	-	-
FCFO POST-WC/Gross interest+CMLTD+Uncovered STB	-	-	-
Liquidity			
Current Ratio (X)	7.1x	90.9x	130.4x
Short Term Adjusted Quick Ratio	-	-	-
Capital Structure			
Total Debt/Total Debt+Equity	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%



## **Credit Rating Scale & Definitions**

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

	Long Term Ratings		Short Term Ratings		
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments	A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.		
		<b>A1</b>	A strong capacity for timely repayment.		
AA+ AA AA-	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.	A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.		
<b>A</b> +	A+ High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of		An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.		
A A-	financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.	В	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.		
		C	An inadequate capacity to ensure timely repayment.		
BBB+ BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.		Short Term Ratings		
BBB-	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk		A1+ A1 A2 A3 B C AAA AA+		
BB+ BB BB-	developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.	Ļ	AA AA- A+		
B+ B B-	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.	<b>Long Term Ratings</b>	A A-BBB+BBB-BBB-BBB-BBB-BBB-BBB-BBB-BBB-BB		
CCC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or	ings	BB+ BB- B+		
C	economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.		В В-		
D	Obligations are currently in default.		CCC CC		

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or in anticipation of, a) some material identifiable event and/or b) deviation from expected trend. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating Watch may accompany Outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) cessation of underlying entity, c) the debt instrument is redeemed, d) the rating remains suspended for six months, e) the entity/issuer defaults. or/and f) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Disclaimer: PACRA's ratings are an assessment of the credit standing of entities/issue in Pakistan. They do not take into account the potential transfer / convertibility risk that may exist for foreign currency creditors. PACRA's opinion is not a recommendation to purchase, sell or hold a security, in as much as it does not comment on the security's market price or suitability for a particular investor.

## Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

(Credit Rating Companies Regulations, 2016)

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

### 2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
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- (11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
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- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
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- (17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

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- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

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