



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

THE BANK OF PUNJAB (BOP)

INSTRUMENT RATING REPORT

INITIAL [OCT-17]		REPORT CONTENTS
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OCTOBER 2017

Assets:

- The bank's liquidity, in terms of its Liquid Assets-to-Deposits and Borrowings ratio, strengthened on YoY basis, to 50% at end-Jun17 (end-Jun16: 46%), comprising pre-dominantly government entities.
- BOP's advances portfolio constitutes 45% of total assets at end-Jun'17 (end-Jun'16: 45%)
- The ADR remained steady at 58% (end-Jun'16:58%).

Funding

- The main source of BOP's funding is its deposit base, constituting around 88% of the total liabilities at end-Jun 17.
- The bank witnessed a sizeable growth in its deposit base in recent years (end-Jun17 : PKR 529mln, end-Dec 16: PKR 453bln, end-Dec15: PKR 375bln)

Credit Risk

- The bank has a sizeable infected portfolio (end-Jun17: PKR 54bln) representing 16% of gross advances.
- The Government of Punjab has issued two Letter of Credit's, undertaking to inject necessary funds to meet the capital shortfall up to a maximum amount of PKR 14.15bln (net of tax 35%) within a period of 90 days after close of the year ending 31st December 2018, if the bank fails to make a provision of PKR 21.7bln or if there is a shortfall in meeting the prevailing regulatory capital requirements as a result of the said provisioning.

Performance

- The asset yield declined by 1.3% (end-Jun17: 6.4%, end-Jun16: 7.7%) Similarly, cost of funds witnessed a decrease (end-Jun17: 3.3%, end-Jun16: 4.1%), thereby reducing the spread by 50bps (end-Jun17: 3.1%, end-Jun16: 3.6%)
- Interest income, in absolute amount, grew by 9% due to increased volumes.
- Pre-provision operating profit declined to PKR 5.3bln (end-Jun16: 5.5bln).

Capital

- The Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of the bank is on the rise i.e. 12.6% (end-Jun16: 12%) due to retained profits and issuing of TFCs of PKR 2.5bln.
- The equity base of the bank has been strengthened through the elimination of significant accumulated losses.
- Moreover, in March 2017, the board of directors approved issue of right shares for PKR 12 per share at a premium of PKR 2 per share. This equates to PKR 13bln.
- The bank received the total subscription amount in July 2017.

Term Finance Certificate:

- The bank in order to further augment the Tier II capital is issuing TFC-II worth PKR 5bln.
- The tenor of the instrument will be ten years from the date of the issue whereas the profit is based on 6M-KIBOR plus 95 bps per annum.
- The debt instrument is unsecured and subordinated as to the payment of principal and profit to all indebtedness of the Bank and will not be redeemable before maturity without prior approval of the SBP.
- The instrument also carries a lock-in and loss absorbency clause, as per Basel III capital regulations.

Profile

- The Bank of Punjab, established under the BOP Act 1989, is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX). The bank operates a vast network of 465 branches, mainly concentrated in Punjab. The Government of Punjab (GoPb) holds majority stake in BOP (58%), whereas the rest is widely dispersed.

Governance and management

- Mr. Naeemuddin Khan, the President of the Bank since Sep'08, has four decades of diversified banking experience and has been associated with reputed international and domestic banks during his career. The senior management consists of seasoned bankers.
- He is backed by a team of experienced professionals, most of whom have long association with the bank.

RATING RATIONALE

The rating reflects the improved risk profile of BOP. The bank's capitalization and hence, risk absorption capacity has witnessed sizeable uptick. Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of the bank clocks in at 12.6% at June – 17. There has been an appreciable improvement in the bank's profitability, over the years, on the back of improved interest income and capital gains, supplementing its equity base. The bank witnessed reduction in the non-performing loans inherited by the current management, though further recovery is taking time. Moreover, continued support from the sponsors - the Government of Punjab (GoPb) - provides requisite fiscal space; fresh capital injection and Letters of Comfort (LOCs) against provisioning for certain infected exposures are valid till 2018. Association with GoPb has benefited the bank also in terms of a sustainable deposit base and capital injection. The bank has raised further capital through right issue. This, along with projected profits, provides due cushion against uncovered NPL's. The bank envisages growth in advances wherein the criteria is higher margins with sustained risk profile. Meanwhile, expansion in deposit base with low cost focus, while attracting a wide customer range, is on the cards.

KEY RATING DRIVERS

The rating is dependent on the financial risk profile of the bank, mainly emanating from sustenance of capital adequacy and continued healthy profitability trend inline with the management's plans. Meanwhile, improvement in asset quality and upholding better governance standards remain imperative.

DEBT INSTRUMENT

The tenor of the instrument is 10 years from the date of issue. Profit is based on 6M-KIBOR plus 95 bps p.a . The issue carries lock-in and loss absorbency clauses, as per Basel III capital regulations. Although regulatory benchmark for CAR is increasing, given the bank's past performance, future projections and dividend payout pattern, cushion to lock- in and loss absorbency clause is expected to remain comfortable.



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited
The Bank of Punjab (BOP)

BALANCE SHEET	30-Jun-17	31-Dec-16	30-Jun-16	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-14
	1H17	Annual	1H16	Annual	Annual
Earning Assets					
Advances (Net of NPL)	281,901	238,968	222,015	193,272	141,472
Debt Instruments	7,706	4,695	8,168	7,098	1,583
Total Finances	289,606	243,664	230,183	200,370	143,055
Investments	230,084	194,712	159,018	168,610	152,671
Others	11,211	14,646	6,825	7,911	34,057
	530,902	453,022	396,027	376,891	329,783
Non Earning Assets					
Non-Earning Cash	44,883	36,438	36,581	28,905	24,553
Deferred Tax	6,835	6,480	6,359	7,906	9,845
Net Non-Performing Finances	18,774	23,434	24,817	26,461	29,461
Fixed Assets & Others	26,073	25,840	25,768	32,120	26,727
	96,565	92,192	93,525	95,392	90,587
TOTAL ASSETS	627,467	545,214	489,552	472,284	420,370
Interest Bearing Liabilities					
Deposits	528,797	453,220	429,983	374,961	342,291
Borrowings	47,931	44,329	13,538	57,236	46,744
	576,727	497,549	443,521	432,198	389,035
Non Interest Bearing Liabilities					
	20,763	19,811	19,774	17,408	12,009
TOTAL LIABILITIES	597,490	517,360	463,295	449,605	401,043
EQUITY (including revaluation surplus)	29,977	27,855	26,257	22,678	19,327
Total Liabilities & Equity	627,467	545,214	489,552	472,284	420,370
INCOME STATEMENT	30-Jun-17	31-Dec-16	30-Jun-16	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-14
Interest / Mark up Earned	16,002	29,674	14,603	31,266	29,522
Interest / Mark up Expensed	(8,842)	(17,430)	(8,654)	(20,199)	(20,526)
Net Interest / Markup revenue	7,160	12,244	5,949	11,068	8,996
Other Income	1,845	3,636	2,344	5,989	1,790
Total Revenue	9,005	15,880	8,293	17,057	10,786
Non-Interest / Non-Mark up Expensed	(4,916)	(8,464)	(3,701)	(7,666)	(6,250)
Pre-provision operating profit	5,252	9,075	5,479	11,026	5,536
Provisions	(1,451)	(1,025)	(1,234)	(3,496)	(1,229)
Pre-tax profit	3,801	8,050	4,245	7,529	4,307
Taxes	(1,612)	(3,192)	(1,477)	(2,781)	(1,519)
Net Income	2,189	4,858	2,767	4,748	2,787
Ratio Analysis	30-Jun-17	31-Dec-16	30-Jun-16	31-Dec-15	31-Dec-14
Performance					
ROE	36%	22%	28%	27%	20%
Cost-to-Total Net Revenue	55%	53%	45%	45%	58%
Provision Expense / Pre Provision Profit	28%	11%	23%	32%	22%
Capital Adequacy					
Equity/Total Assets	4%	4%	5%	4%	4%
Capital Adequacy Ratio as per SBP	12.6%	12.3%	12.0%	10.5%	10.2%
Funding & Liquidity					
Liquid Assets / Deposits and Borrowings	50%	47%	46%	42%	49%
Advances / Deposits	57%	58%	57%	59%	50%
CASA deposits / Total Customer Deposits	75%	71%	71%	66%	64%
Intermediation Efficiency					
Asset Yield	6%	7%	8%	9%	10%
Cost of Funds	3%	4%	4%	5%	6%
Spread	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%
Outreach					
Branches	465	453	408	406	364



STANDARD RATING SCALES & DEFINITIONS

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

LONG TERM RATINGS		SHORT TERM RATINGS
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments.	<p>A1+: The highest capacity for timely repayment.</p> <p>A1: A strong capacity for timely repayment.</p> <p>A2: A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.</p> <p>A3: An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.</p> <p>B: The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.</p> <p>C: An inadequate capacity to ensure timely repayment.</p>
AA+ AA AA-	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.	
A+ A A-	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.	
BBB+ BBB BBB-	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances or economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.	
BB+ BB BB-	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.	
B+ B B-	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business, and economic environment.	
CCC CC C	Very high credit risk. “CCC” Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. “CC” Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. “C” Ratings signal imminent default.	
D	Obligations are currently in default.	

Rating Watch

Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or in anticipation of, a) some material identifiable event and/or b) deviation from expected trend. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. Rating Watch may carry designation – Positive (rating may be raised, negative (lowered), or developing (direction is unclear). A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled.

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing)

Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. ‘Stable’ outlook means a rating is not likely to change. ‘Positive’ means it may be raised. ‘Negative’ means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as ‘Developing’.

Suspension

It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, a suspended rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn

A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) cessation of underlying entity, c) the debt instrument is redeemed, d) the rating remains suspended for six months, or e) the entity/issuer defaults.

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Name of Issuer
Sector
Type of Relationship
Purpose of the Rating
Rating History

The Bank of Punjab (BOP)
 Banking | Commercial
 Solicited
 Independent Risk Assessment
 Regulatory Requirement

Dissemination Date	Long Term	Outlook	Action
26-Oct-17	AA-	Stable	Initial

Nature of Instrument	Size of Issue (PKR mn)	Tenor (yrs)	Security	Trustee
TFC II	PKR 5bln	10	Unsecured, subordinated as to the payment of principal and profit to all other indebtedness of the Bank, including deposits, and will not be redeemable before maturity without prior approval of SBP.Profit is based on 6M-KIBOR plus 95 bps p.a. Also subject to lock-in and loss absorbency clauses.	Pak Brunei Investment Company Limited

Related Criteria and Research

Rating Methodology

Bank Rating Methodology
 Debt Instrument Rating Methodology

Sector Research

Banking Sector - Viewpoint | Jun-17

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PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on annual basis or as and when required by any stakeholder (including creditor) or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so

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PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating(s) upon becoming aware of any information that may be reasonable be expected to result in any change (including downgrade) in the rating

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has not informed the entity/issuer prior to issuing or revising a rating, it informs the entity/issuer as soon as practical thereafter

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[Probability of Default \(PD\)](#)

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THE BANK OF PUNJAB
BOP - TFC II - Redemption Schedule

Redemption Date	Redemption Amount	Outstanding Balance
	<i>PKR</i>	
1	20.06.2018	4,999,000,000
2	20.12.2018	4,998,000,000
3	20.06.2019	4,997,000,000
4	20.12.2019	4,996,000,000
5	20.06.2020	4,995,000,000
6	20.12.2020	4,994,000,000
7	20.06.2021	4,993,000,000
8	20.12.2021	4,992,000,000
9	20.06.2022	4,991,000,000
10	20.12.2022	4,990,000,000
11	20.06.2023	4,989,000,000
12	20.12.2023	4,988,000,000
13	20.06.2024	4,987,000,000
14	20.12.2024	4,986,000,000
15	20.06.2025	4,985,000,000
16	20.12.2025	4,984,000,000
17	20.06.2026	4,983,000,000
18	20.12.2026	4,982,000,000
19	20.06.2027	2,491,000,000
20	20.12.2027	-