



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

## Rating Report

### BankIslami Pakistan Limited | Modaraba Sukuk

#### Report Contents

1. Rating Analysis
2. Financial Information
3. Rating Scale
4. Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

#### Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
30-Apr-2019	A-	-	Stable	Preliminary	YES

#### Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The ratings reflect BankIslami's sustained risk profile. During CY18, the bank's profit increased owing to asset yield driven by increase in policy rate and earning assets. The bank's new management is emphatically pursuing for recovery of NPLs related to KASB Bank. In CY18, NPLs inched down on account of some recoveries. The funding base comprise of deposits and borrowings. The bank rationalized its cost by increasing its customer deposits. Consequently, the bank's spread inched up. Although, deposit mix (CASA) and concentration need to improve. The bank was able to achieve operating profits; trend should continue. The new management is positively looking at the performance side. In recent year, some structural changes were made as key positions were filled with experienced individuals. The bank's management is positive about achieving cost efficiency and has started pursuing new business plan under leadership of new CEO. The focus is on risk management, IT infrastructure, workforce strengthening and customer facilitation which will help bank to achieve operational efficiency. The bank has taken steps to strengthen its fortress against cyber risks. Going forward, primary focus is to consolidate CAR as the relaxations given by central bank are under negotiations.

The rating watch captures the bank's ability to raise its capital base in order to pursue its growth plan. In this regard, BIPL's Board has agreed in-principle to raise the bank's equity by Rs. 1 billion. It has also approved the issuance of Rs. 2 billion worth of Additional Tier-1 Capital. Additionally, the bank's operational profitability needs to be observed against financial ramifications which may emanate from recent cyber attack or incidence due to non-performing assets.

#### Disclosure

<b>Name of Rated Entity</b>	BankIslami Pakistan Limited   Modaraba Sukuk
<b>Type of Relationship</b>	Solicited
<b>Purpose of the Rating</b>	Entity Rating
<b>Applicable Criteria</b>	Methodology   Financial Institution(Jun-18),Methodology   Sukuk(Jun-18),Methodology   Basel III Compliant - Debt Instrument(Jun-18)
<b>Related Research</b>	Sector Study   Islamic Banking(Jun-18)
<b>Rating Analysts</b>	Saliha Sajid   saliha.sajid@pacra.com   +92-42-35869504



## Profile

**Structure** BankIslami Pakistan Limited (BIPL), incorporated in Oct-04, was the first bank in Pakistan to receive the Islamic Banking license, in Mar-05, under the Islamic Banking Policy of 2003. The bank, after being declared a scheduled Islamic bank by the State Bank of Pakistan in Mar-05, commenced its operations from April 07, 2006.

**Background** The bank has been following organic growth since its inception. Furthermore, on May 7th, 2015, BIPL acquired defunct bank "KASB Bank Limited" under "Scheme of amalgamation of defunct KASB Bank Limited with and into BankIslami Pakistan Limited under Section 47 of Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962".

**Operations** BankIslami is operating as Scheduled Islamic Commercial Bank. Its a small sized Islamic bank with a network of 330 branches.

## Ownership

**Ownership Structure** BIPL has four prominent sponsors namely JS Group (through Jahangir Siddiqui & Company Limited (JSCL), Mr. Ali Hussain and SAJ Capital Management Limited, Emirates NBD (through Dubai Bank PJSC), and Randeree family. All these have a collective holding of ~76% in the bank and predominantly direct the affairs of the BIPL's board.

**Stability** BIPL ownership is backed by strong sponsors and has been same for many years. It is expected to be remained same in the coming future.

**Business Acumen** All sponsors are renowned business groups with stakes in various sectors with national and international presence. The business acumen of sponsors is considered strong as sponsors have diversified interest and long association with the markets.

**Financial Strength** The ability to support in case of financial need is considered strong.

## Governance

**Board Structure** BIPL's eight member board of directors (BoD) including CEO constitutes representatives of sponsoring groups. Currently, one from DCD group, two are independent directors, four are non-executive (including DCD representation) and one Executive director (CEO- Bank Islami). BIPL's shariah board comprises three leading Islamic scholars of the country, namely (i) Mufti Irshad Ahmad Aijaz, ii) Mufti Muhammad Husain, and iii) Mufti Javed Ahmed.

**Members' Profile** Mr. Ali Hussain, MD SAJ Capital Limited, is the Chairman of the Board, has ~38 years of experience. All the other board members have different educational and work background.

**Board Effectiveness** The BoD exercises close monitoring of the management's policies and governs the bank's operations through its six committees namely i) Audit Committee, ii) Board Remuneration Committee iii) Human Resource & Management Committee, (iv) Risk Management Committee, (v) IT Committee and (vi) Executive Committee. IT committee is a new addition.

**Financial Transparency** During the year, EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants the external auditor are SBP panel member, expressed an unqualified opinion for the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018. Besides this, they have identified the key matters which are significant in respect of audit.

## Management

**Organizational Structure** BIPL's organizational structure is divided into twelve functional departments i) Distribution, ii) Corporate Banking, iii) Consumer, iv) Treasury/ FIs, v) Risk Management, vi) Product and Shariah Structuring, vii) Human Resource, viii) Legal, ix) Finance, x) Operations, xi) Security and Govt. Relations and xii) Compliance.

**Management Team** Mr. Syed Amir Ali has joined the bank as Deputy CEO in Apr-18. He has taken up the position of 'President & CEO' in Oct-18. He is a Chartered Accountant & CFA Charter holder by qualification, carrying with himself more than one decade experience mainly of Meezan Bank. The BIPL is focusing on the improvement of team efficiency.

**Effectiveness** The bank has nine committees at the management level: (i) Business Review Committee (BRC), (ii) IT Steering Committee (ITSC), (iii) Asset & Liability Committee (ALCO), (iv) Compliance & Controls Committee (CCM), (v) Service Excellence Committee (SEC), (vi) Management Credit Committee (MCC), (vii) Disciplinary Action Committee (DAC), (viii) Management Team Committee (MANCOM), and (ix) Procurement & Disposal Committee (PDC).

**MIS** The management has selected a comprehensive Islamic Banking application that has inbuilt Shariah compliance features – iMal, a core banking software, which has been developed by Path Solutions, a software house in the Middle East.

**Risk Management Framework** Risk Rating Module Vista Plus is being used by the bank. The module supports the bank in its internal Obligor Risk Rating (ORR) process by adding more objectivity to the credit appraisal process.

## Business Risk

**Industry Dynamics** The banking industry witnessed expansion in the loan and deposit book by 23.7% and 10.7% respectively. Last year and YTD (2018) both witnessed huge deployments. This is expected to slow down. New projects require gestation period and additionally crowding-out effect may take place. Rising interest rates mean profitability of the sector would take support. Yet NPLs, as a result, may also transpire. CAR is reaching the maximum requirement by December 2019 (12.5%). This will create a challenge for some of the players

**Relative Position** The BIPL is small tier bank and was able to maintain its deposit system share of 1.3% (Dec-17: 1.3%).

**Revenues** During CY18, the bank interest earned of PKR 12.2bln (CY17: PKR 10.4bln) primarily driven by increase in asset yield as well as lending portfolio (increased on average) during this period. The bank recorded NIMR at PKR 6.1bln (CY17: PKR 5.1bln), up by 9% YoY.

**Performance** Other operating income of the bank improved during the year mainly due to increase in income from dealing in forward and future contracts. Fee and brokerage and dividend income also increased which is mainly from Modaraba investment. Other operating expenses inched up to PKR 6.9bln (CY17: PKR 6.3bln), up 9.5% YoY. Net provisions of PKR 37mln further dwindle the PBT to PKR 403mln. Furthermore, tax expense of PKR 190mln (CY17: Tax benefit of PKR 1.5bln) PAT stays at PKR 213mln (CY17: PKR 1.6bln), down by 86% YoY (In the previous year company has taken benefit on deferred tax assets).

**Sustainability** Going forward, the bank aims to expand its lending portfolio by funding through low cost deposits. The bank is prioritizing the rated client lending in future which will assist in CAR measures. Recovery from non-performing loans transferred from KASB is also a priority. Going forward, risk management framework improvement will be focused by the bank.

## Financial Risk

**Credit Risk** The bank NPL's decreased slightly to PKR 15.4bln as CY18 (CY17: PKR 15.8bln) as some NPLs were settled, which led to decline further NPLs to Gross Advances ratio (CY18: 11.9%; CY17: 12.1%). Whereby, there is no further drag on equity (Net NPLs/Equity: CY18: 33.5%; CY17: 33.6%) remained same. Advances concentration in terms of top-20 improved slightly to 40% during CY18 (CY17: 49%) mainly comprise of Government guaranteed finances. Advances sector mix was dominated by Individuals (23%) followed by Services (21%), Power (12%), Food & beverages (12%) and Textile (9%). During CY18, the bank's ADR reported at 64% (CY17: 66.5%), higher as compared to the industry average (55%).

**Market Risk** BIPL's investment portfolio witnessed marginal decline to PKR 39bln (CY17: PKR 42bln) funded by deposits; decline is mainly due to sale of Sukuk by the bank. The investment composition remained tilted towards government securities (CY18: 92%; CY17: 94%). During CY18, portfolio was mainly skewed towards GoP Ijarah sukuk. Going forward, company has invested in government Sukuks related to power sector to PKR 35bln.

**Liquidity And Funding** During CY18, BIPL's customer deposits increased to PKR 175bln (CY17: PKR 157bln), up 11% owing to increase of time deposits. Nevertheless, the bank's deposit share in the system remained intact (1.3%). CA and SA ratios decline slightly (CY18: 34%; CY17: 36%) & (CY18: 35%; CY17: 36%) respectively, which may increase cost of funding further. Concentration in top 20 deposits decreased in CY18 to 22% (CY17: 25%) which is considered good. The bank's liquidity position weaken evident by Liquid assets to Deposits & Borrowing ratio (CY18: 20%; CY17: 26%), primarily driven by decreased investment in government securities; which lately improved by increase in government investments by PKR 25bln.

**Capitalization** The bank has equity base of PKR ~13bln which is above the minimum capital requirement. At end-Dec18, CAR is largely maintained at 15.1% with Tier I at 11.2%. In future, the bank will have to manage CAR as it is currently taking a benefit post KASB merger.



	31-Dec-18 CY18	31-Dec-17 CY17	31-Dec-16 CY16
<i>PKR mln</i>			
<b>BALANCE SHEET</b>			
<b>Earning Assets</b>			
Advances	114,331	114,992	75,415
Debt Instruments	9,769	5,240	1,018
Total Finances	124,100	120,232	76,433
Investments	28,787	36,543	45,300
Others	19,006	22,174	28,359
	<b>171,893</b>	<b>178,949</b>	<b>150,091</b>
<b>Non Earning Assets</b>			
Non-Earning Cash	14,293	11,784	8,921
Deferred Tax	7,530	7,702	5,918
Net Non-Performing Finances	4,516	4,472	2,402
Fixed Assets & Others	17,511	14,886	13,514
	<b>43,850</b>	<b>38,844</b>	<b>30,755</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>215,743</b>	<b>217,792</b>	<b>180,846</b>
<b>Interest Bearing Liabilities</b>			
Deposits	184,693	178,310	154,400
Borrowings	7,820	15,570	6,066
	192,513	193,880	160,466
<b>Non Interest Bearing Liabilities</b>	8,716	10,236	7,936
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>201,228</b>	<b>204,116</b>	<b>168,402</b>
<b>EQUITY (including revaluation surplus)</b>	<b>14,515</b>	<b>13,676</b>	<b>12,445</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES &amp; EQUITY</b>	<b>215,743</b>	<b>217,792</b>	<b>180,846</b>
<b>INCOME STATEMENT</b>	<b>31-Dec-18 CY18</b>	<b>31-Dec-17 CY17</b>	<b>31-Dec-16 CY16</b>
Profit / Return Earned	12,204	10,354	10,128
Return Expensed	(6,170)	(5,250)	(5,791)
<b>NIMR</b>	<b>6,034</b>	<b>5,104</b>	<b>4,336</b>
Other Income	1,264	965	638
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<b>7,298</b>	<b>6,069</b>	<b>4,974</b>
Other Expenses	(6,859)	(6,303)	(6,160)
Pre-provision operating profit	439	(235)	(1,186)
(Provisions)/ Reversal	(37)	392	2,030
Pre-tax profit / (Loss)	403	157	844
Taxes	(190)	1,406	(391)
<b>Net Income/ (Loss)</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>1,563</b>	<b>452</b>
<b>RATIO ANALYSIS</b>	<b>31-Dec-18 CY18</b>	<b>31-Dec-17 CY17</b>	<b>31-Dec-16 CY16</b>
<b>Performance</b>			
ROE	1.7%	13.5%	4.3%
Cost-to-Total Net Revenue	95.1%	105.2%	126.7%
Provision Expense / Pre Provision Profit	8.4%	167.1%	171.1%
<b>Capital Adequacy</b>			
Equity/Total Assets	5.9%	5.7%	6.0%
Capital Adequacy Ratio as per SBP	15.1%	14.5%	13.4%
<b>Funding &amp; Liquidity</b>			
Liquid Assets / Deposits and Borrowings	20.4%	23.5%	32.7%
Advances / Deposits	64.2%	66.8%	50.4%
CASA deposits / Total Customer Deposits	68.6%	73.0%	70.2%
<b>Intermediation Efficiency</b>			
Asset Yield	7.0%	6.3%	7.0%
Cost of Funds	3.2%	3.0%	3.7%
Spread	3.8%	3.4%	3.3%
<b>Outreach</b>			
Branches	330	330	321

Annualized\*

BankIslami Pakistan Limited

Apr-18

## Credit Rating Scale & Definitions

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Long Term Ratings		Short Term Ratings	
<b>AAA</b>	<b>Highest credit quality.</b> Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments	<b>A1+</b>	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
<b>AA+</b> <b>AA</b> <b>AA-</b>	<b>Very high credit quality.</b> Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.	<b>A1</b>	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
<b>A+</b> <b>A</b> <b>A-</b>	<b>High credit quality.</b> Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.	<b>A2</b>	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
<b>BBB+</b> <b>BBB</b> <b>BBB-</b>	<b>Good credit quality.</b> Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.	<b>A3</b>	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
<b>BB+</b> <b>BB</b> <b>BB-</b>	<b>Moderate risk.</b> Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.	<b>B</b>	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
<b>B+</b> <b>B</b> <b>B-</b>	<b>High credit risk.</b> A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.	<b>C</b>	An inadequate capacity to ensure timely repayment.
<b>CCC</b> <b>CC</b> <b>C</b>	<b>Very high credit risk.</b> Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.		
<b>D</b>	Obligations are currently in default.		



**Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing)** Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

**Rating Watch** Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or in anticipation of, a) some material identifiable event and/or b) deviation from expected trend. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating Watch may accompany Outlook of the respective opinion.

**Suspension** It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

**Withdrawn** A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) cessation of underlying entity, c) the debt instrument is redeemed, d) the rating remains suspended for six months, e) the entity/issuer defaults, or/and f) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

**Harmonization** A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

**Disclaimer:** PACRA's ratings are an assessment of the credit standing of entities/issue in Pakistan. They do not take into account the potential transfer / convertibility risk that may exist for foreign currency creditors. PACRA's opinion is not a recommendation to purchase, sell or hold a security, in as much as it does not comment on the security's market price or suitability for a particular investor.

### **Rating Team Statements**

(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

### **2) Conflict of Interest**

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

### **Restrictions**

- (3) No director, officer or employee of PACRA communicates the information, acquired by him for use for rating purposes, to any other person except where required under law to do so. | Chapter III; 10-(5)
- (4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)
- (5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

### **Conduct of Business**

- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
- (8) PACRA prohibits its employees and analysts from soliciting money, gifts or favors from anyone with whom PACRA conducts business | Chapter III; 11-A-(q)
- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r)
- (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
- (11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

### **Independence & Conflict of interest**

- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
- (16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)
- (17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

### **Monitoring and review**

- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 18-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

### **Probability of Default**

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(F-VII)

### **Proprietary Information**

(23) All information contained herein is considered proprietary by PACRA. Hence, none of the information in this document can be copied or, otherwise reproduced, stored or disseminated in whole or in part in any form or by any means whatsoever by any person without PACRA's prior written consent



### Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Nature of Instrument	Size of Issue (PKR)	Tenor	Security	Quantum of Security	Nature of Assets	Trustee	Book Value of Assets (PKR mln)
Additional Tier I	2 Bn (500 Green Shoe)	Perpetual	Un secured Subordinated Debt	N/A	N/A	Under Consideration	N/A

#### BankIslami Pakistan Limited | Modaraba Sukuk

Name of Issuer	Bank Islami Pakistan Limited
Issue size	2 Bn (500 Green Shoe)
Tenor	Perpetual
Maturity	Not applicable
Profit Rate	3 M K + 2.75%
Principal Repayment	Not applicable
Security	Un secured - Subordinated

#### BankIslami Pakistan Limited | Modaraba Sukuk | Redemption Schedule

Due Date Principle	Opening Principal	Principal Repayment	Due Date Markup/ Profit	Markup/Profit Rate	3M Kibor	Markup Payment	Installment Payable	Principal Outstanding
		<i>PKR in mln</i>						<i>PKR in mln</i>
<p>Redemption Schedule not applicable since its a perpetual Sukuk whereby there is no fixed or final redemption date. Profit (if declared) will be payable on monthly basis, on a non-cumulative basis, on the outstanding Sukuk amount.</p>								
		-				-	-	