



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

TPL Corp Limited

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Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
18-May-2022	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
18-May-2021	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
18-May-2020	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
20-Dec-2019	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
25-Jun-2019	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
24-Dec-2018	A	A1	Stable	Maintain	-
05-Apr-2018	A	A1	Stable	Initial	-

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The rating reflects TPL Corp Limited's ("TPL Corp" or "the Company") diverse pool of investments and its evolving structure as a Holding Company. TPL Group entered in the business arena through vehicle tracking and insurance business. The existing investment portfolio is still evolving. TPL Trakker Ltd. (TPLT) and TPL Insurance Ltd. (TPLI) remain prominent players in respective sectors. The recent investment in TPL REIT Management Company (TPL RMC) through TPL Properties Ltd. (TPLP) is expected to bring synergy at Group level from its initial three projects - Technology Park, One Hoshang, and Mangrove. TPL Life Insurance Ltd. (TPL Life) provides complete health and life insurance products. TPL Security Services (TPL Security) provides security solutions. TPL E-Ventures explores business opportunities and invest in start-ups as well as in Fintech.

The Company has divested its stake in TPLI as DEG (Deutsche Investitions und Entwicklungsgesellschaft), a wholly owned subsidiary of KfW Group based in Germany, has acquired 19.9% stake through issuance of ordinary shares other than a right issue. Meanwhile, TPLI has entered into a share subscription agreement with the Finnish Fund for Industrial Cooperation Limited, a Pvt. Ltd. Co. incorporated in Finland, ("Finnfund"), of ~ 14.97% of the total post-issued shares subject to obtaining all regulatory approvals. This foreign collaboration will enable TPLI to invest in tech-driven products; thereby, increasing insurance penetration in Pakistan. Subsequent to the listing of TPLT on the Pakistan Stock Exchange in Aug-20, the subsidiary showed an improved performance during 3QFY22 supported by digital mapping and location services. TPLP is eyeing on timely and successful issuance of all tranches of the first hybrid Shariah Compliant REIT Fund through TPL RMC, a subsidiary of TPLP. Moreover, TPLP is expecting to receive dividends and developer margins from TPL REIT Fund. The Company raises debt by utilizing borrowing lines to meet financing requirements for its subsidiaries/associated companies and settle inter-company balances. During Nov-21, the Company planned to issue two long-term instruments, PP Sukuk and PPTFC, of PKR 2.5bln each. At present, both instruments are partially drawdown for ~PKR 1.4bln and PKR 1.2bln, respectively. On standalone basis, TPL Corp has yet to receive consistent dividends/payout from its investments. The coverages may remain constrained in the absence of material dividend income. However, the ratings take comfort from demonstrated support of sponsors to provide support and raise funds. Strong governance framework remains beneficial for the ratings.

The ratings depend on the projected performance of existing strategic investments. Any significant delay in materialization of envisaged business strategies to generate funds for the Company leading to low return on investments and/or compromised position of the Company to meet its financial obligations will impact the ratings. Maintenance of adequate resources for repayment would be crucial.

Disclosure

Name of Rated Entity	TPL Corp Limited
Type of Relationship	Solicited
Purpose of the Rating	Entity Rating
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Holding Company Rating(Jun-21),Criteria Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jun-21),Criteria Rating Modifiers(Jun-21)
Related Research	Sector Study Holding Company(Aug-21)
Rating Analysts	Faiqa Qamar faiqa.qamar@pacra.com +92-42-35869504



Profile

Background TPL Trakker Limited was incorporated in Pakistan on 04-Dec-08, as a private limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance 1984 (now Companies Act, 2017). The Company was converted into public company in 2009 and got listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited on 16-Jul-12. The name of the Company was changed to TPL Corp Limited ('TPL Corp' or 'the Company') w.e.f. 24-Nov-17.

Structural Analysis TPL Corp is the only investment arm of TPL Group; however, is held through TPL Holdings (Pvt.) Ltd. ('TPL Holdings'), the parent holding company of the Group. The principal activity of the Company is to make investments in the Group and other companies. The Company holds investments across insurance, tracking, real estate, security, navigation, mapping solutions, fintech, and financial sectors. As of 1HFY22, the Company holds equity participation in five subsidiaries, out of which three (3) are listed, and one associate. TPL Corp's investment book stands at ~ PKR 10.5bln as of 1HFY22; while the total investment portfolio constitutes ~ 94.5% (1HFY22) of the Company's total assets.

Ownership

Ownership Structure TPL Holdings holds major stake of ~ 62% in TPL Corp. Meanwhile, 5% shares of the Company are held by financial institutions. The Company has a free float of 33% through local and foreign individuals.

Stability Ownership is seen as stable as sponsor's respective holding in the Company is through its corporate entity, TPL Holdings (Private) Limited.

Business Acumen The ultimate sponsors of the Group possess strong knowledge in technology, investments, and financial sector.

Financial Strength TPL Holdings' main investments are consolidated in TPL Corp. As of 1HFY22, TPL Properties had a strong consolidated asset base of over ~PKR 15.4bln, supported by an equity base of ~PKR 9.8bln and a debt of ~PKR 1.3bln. The Company had a consolidated top-line of ~PKR 2.4bln. Bottom-line posted a loss of PKR 3bln for the period ended Dec-21.

Governance

Board Structure The Company's Board comprises eight Directors of which two are Independent Directors, four Non-Executive Directors and two Executive Director. Two of these members are nominee directors of TPL Holdings (Private) Limited.

Members' Profile Mr. Jameel Yusuf is the Chairman of the Board. The Board members include finance, marketing, business experts and respected retired armed forces personnel. Their diverse backgrounds and varied expertise provide holistic guidance to the Company.

Board Effectiveness The Board has two committees to assist in governing the affairs of the Company. These comprise Audit Committee and HR and Remuneration Committee. Board Audit Committee, with four members, met on quarterly basis. While, HR and Remuneration Committee met on half yearly basis. Both committees are chaired by Mr. Nadeem Arshad Elahi - an Independent Director.

Transparency TPL Corp's external auditors, M/s EY Ford Rhodes & Co., Chartered Accountants, have issued an unqualified audit report for financial year ended Jun-21.

Management

Organizational Structure TPL Corp has instituted a well-designed organizational structure, which is divided across various functional divisions and is headed by the CEO. TPL Corp has seven subsidiaries with each of the subsidiaries having its own CEO reporting directly to the Group CEO, Mr. Ali Jameel. The subsidiaries have been given independent operational roles and reporting lines are established for the purpose of performance oversight. However, Legal and IT functions are centralized at the Group level. At the same time, HR and Finance functions, at the Group level, provide holistic guidance and a wide range of operating platforms to the corresponding division at the subsidiaries.

Management Team Mr. Ali Jameel, an FCA from ICAEW, holds about two decades of experience. He is accompanied by a team of experienced individuals. Lately, Mr. Hashim Sadiq Ali joined the Company as Chief Internal Auditor.

Management Effectiveness Management team's long association with the Company, barring few new positions, with the Group, bodes well for the overall growth. TPL Corp practices fortnightly performance review meetings attended by respective department heads.

Control Environment The internal audit function is placed at Group level and reports to the Chairman of Board Audit Committee (BAC). The function monitors the efficacy of internal control systems, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures, and policies of the Company and its subsidiaries. Significant audit observations and corrective actions are presented to BAC.

Investment Strategy

Investment Decision-Making The Company's investment decisions are taken by the Board.

Investment Policy TPL Corp's investment strategy primarily focuses on capital appreciation. However, as the existing portfolio is still evolving, the Company is yet to receive consistent dividend income from its investments.

Investment Committee Effectiveness The Board is presented with investment highlights on the performance of investee companies on a quarterly basis. Moreover, new initiatives and plans identified by the management are also discussed. However, there is no formal investment committee set up at TPL Corp.

Business Risk

Diversification The Company's investment portfolio is inclined towards the real estate sector, as ~44% comprises investment in real estate (TPL Properties). ~30% of the portfolio consists investment in insurance sector (TPL Insurance and TPL Life Insurance), while the remaining investment book consists technology (~23%) and security sector (~2%).

Portfolio Assessment The Company has a well-balanced portfolio. The Company's core investments are in listed subsidiaries and strategic investments are in unlisted related parties (subsidiaries and associate). The Company does not hold a trading portfolio. Thus, the marketability/liquidity element of the portfolio constitutes of listed companies only with the market value of ~PKR 9,340mln as of Dec-21, providing a cushion to generate liquidity.

Income Assessment The Company's standalone income comprises dividends from its subsidiaries. During FY21, the Company received dividend income of ~PKR 114mln from TPLP, only. However, a consistent dividend stream is yet to be established. On a consolidated basis, revenue stood at ~PKR 2.4bln in 1HFY22 depicting a decrease of ~9%. The decline is registered by TPL Life, post closure of health business segment, and TPLP, post cessation of rental revenue stream.

Financial Risk

Coverages TPL Corp is experiencing stressed coverages in 1HFY22: 4x, due to weak profitability and consequently negative FCFO from operations. The Company's coverages may come under pressure with new debt instruments if matching cashflows are not realized.

Capital Structure TPL Corp has a moderately leveraged capital structure (1HFY22: ~40%). Going forward, the Company plans to issue two long-term instruments (PP Sukuk and PPTFC) of PKR 2.5bln, each from its balance sheet. Both instruments will be issued for a tenor of five (5) years to reprofile the existing debt and invest in other Group companies. At present, the two instruments have a partial drawdown of PKR 1.4bln (PP Sukuk) and PKR 1.2bln (PPTFC). The leveraging will show an incline post issuance of the instruments. The Company intends to repay the instruments through dividend income and proceeds from strategic divestiture of its investments.

Consolidated Position The Company derives financial strength from its Sponsors.



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

PKR mln

TPL Corp Limited Holding Company	Dec-21	Jun-21	Dec-20	Jun-20	Dec-19	Jun-19
	6M Management	12M Audited	6M Management	12M Audited	6M Management	12M Audited
A BALANCE SHEET						
1 Investments	37	12	3	3	3	-
2 Related Party Investments	10,550	10,210	5,513	4,704	5,140	5,129
3 Non-Current Assets	297	32	3	2	2	2
4 Current Assets	312	167	216	152	880	543
5 Total Assets	11,195	10,420	5,736	4,860	6,026	5,674
6 Current Liabilities	339	460	303	53	41	31
7 Borrowings	4,228	1,874	1,049	183	1,095	933
8 Related Party Exposure	286	1,048	1,094	1,794	1,328	1,170
9 Non-Current Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
10 Net Assets	6,342	7,039	3,290	2,831	3,562	3,540
11 Shareholders' Equity	6,342	7,039	3,290	2,831	3,562	3,540
B INCOME STATEMENT						
1 Total Investment Income	-	146	5	14	3	175
a Cost of Investments	(162)	(207)	(90)	(325)	(192)	(178)
2 Net Investment Income	(162)	(61)	(85)	(312)	(189)	(3)
a Other Income	5	-	-	-	-	-
b Operating Expenses	(108)	(194)	(61)	(108)	(63)	(127)
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	(264)	(255)	(145)	(420)	(252)	(129)
a Taxation	-	(17)	-	-	-	(26)
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	(264)	(272)	(145)	(420)	(252)	(155)
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT						
a Total Cash Flow	(1,022)	(25)	(54)	(69)	(60)	23
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	(1,022)	(357)	(60)	(193)	(171)	(89)
c Changes in Working Capital	(197)	(572)	(789)	797	(254)	249
1 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(1,220)	(929)	(849)	604	(424)	160
2 Net increase (decrease) in long term borrowings	(804)	(750)	(2)	143	259	(200)
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	2,057	1,685	864	(749)	162	46
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	33	7	13	(2)	(4)	6
D RATIO ANALYSIS						
1 Performance						
a Asset Concentration (Market Value of Largest Investment / Market Value of Equity Investments)	40.8%	31.4%	45.8%	40.0%	42.7%	37.3%
2 Coverages						
a TCF / Finance Cost	-6.5	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-0.3	0.1
b TCF / Finance Cost + CMLTB	-4.0	-0.1	-0.5	-0.2	-0.3	0.1
c Loan to Value (Funding / Market Value of Equity Investments)	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.2
3 Capital Structure (Total Debt/Total Debt+Equity)						
a Leveraging [Funding / (Funding + Shareholders' Equity)]	40.0%	21.0%	24.2%	6.1%	23.5%	20.9%
b (Funding + Off Balance Sheet Exposure) / Shareholders' Equity	66.7%	26.6%	31.9%	6.5%	30.7%	26.4%

Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB	
BB-	
B+	
B	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	
CC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk “CCC” Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. “CC” Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. “C” Ratings signal imminent default.
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



**The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.*

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. ‘Stable’ outlook means a rating is not likely to change. ‘Positive’ means it may be raised. ‘Negative’ means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as ‘Developing’.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

<p>Entities</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Broker Entity Rating b) Corporate Rating c) Financial Institution Rating d) Holding Company Rating e) Independent Power Producer Rating f) Microfinance Institution Rating g) Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs) Rating 	<p>Instruments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Basel III Compliant Debt Instrument Rating b) Debt Instrument Rating c) Sukuk Rating
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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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Conduct of Business

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- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report.
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- (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
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- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 18-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(F-VII)

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