

The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Nishat Mills Limited | PPSTS

Report Contents

- 1. Rating Analysis
- 2. Financial Information
- 3. Rating Scale
- 4. Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Rating History								
Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch			
10-Oct-2022	AA	A1+	Stable	Preliminary	-			

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

The ratings reflect the established position of Nishat Mills as a premier export-oriented composite unit, with a sizable strategic portfolio and conservative capital structure. The Company enjoys prominence in the textile sector due to the wide array of its products, extensive outreach, and stable customer base. Meanwhile, the Company's revenues are consistently on a growing trajectory on account of both favorable rate and volume variance. Moreover, a factor of continuous BMR has assisted the Company in maintaining its leading position. Although the Company remained moderately leveraged, its gearing increased from ~27.97% to ~34.68% at end of FY22 mainly due to an increase in short-term borrowing. Considering the hikes in exchange rates and supply side disruption due to recent flood devastation the company is going to issue the short-term Sukuk to manage its supply chain smoothly. The Company's association with Nishat Group as its flagship entity remains a key rating factor. Textile industry dynamics are proving to be vigorous mainly due to an increase in demand for textile products internationally and the channeling of export orders towards the Pakistani market. Export's front witnessed a strong increase and is expected to stay positive in the medium term where the demand for textile products is expected to sustain. Meanwhile, the Company continues to receive sizable dividend income from its diversified investment portfolio which provides comfort to the ratings. The Company is expected to maintain its very strong financial profile.

The ratings are dependent on the Company's ability to sustain its core margins and profitability. Preserving low leveraged capital structure and sound coverages remains imperative.

Disclosure					
Name of Rated Entity	Nishat Mills Limited PPSTS				
Type of Relationship	Solicited				
Purpose of the Rating	Debt Instrument Rating				
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Corporate Rating(Jun-22),Methodology Debt Instrument Rating(Jun-22),Methodology Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jun-22),Methodology Rating Modifiers(Jun-22)				
Related Research	Sector Study Composite and Garments(Dec-21)				
Rating Analysts	Madiha Sohail madiha.sohail@pacra.com +92-42-35869504				



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Issuer Profile

Profile Nishat Mills Limited ("Nishat Mills" or "the Company") is a listed concern, which commenced operations in 1951. Nishat Mills is the flagship company of Nishat Group. Nishat Group is one of the renowned business conglomerates in Pakistan. Nishat Mills' current operational capacity comprises 303,048 Spindles, 959 Looms, 4 Rotary Printing Machines, 11 Digital Printing Machine, 5 Thermosole Dyeing and 4,317 Stitching Machines. Overall, Nishat Mills has 32 manufacturing units each specializing in a specific product range. The total energy requirement of the Company is ~50 MW, which is met through in-house generation. Meanwhile, the Company has LESCO & FESCO connections as alternative sources.

Ownership Nishat Mills is the flagship company of Nishat Group. Mian Mansha's family collectively owns the majority (~51%) shares of the Company, directly through individuals (~42%) and group companies (~8%). The remaining (~49%) stake is spread among financial institutions, companies, and the general public. Only one member of Mansha family hold a position in Nishat Mils Limited. Moreover, the next generation is already in business, serving in various capacities in Nishat Group. Roles are functionally divided among three brothers. Nishat Mills is among the pioneers of progressive textile manufacturers of Pakistan, with approximately seven decades of presence in the textile value chain. The sponsors have seen several economic cycles and kept the growth trend intact to become the leading textile concern in the country. Nishat Group is one of the most distinguished business groups in Pakistan. The Group maintains a substantial presence in the country's financial sector and has a strong foothold in the textile, cement, power, dairy, automobile assembly industry and hospitality sectors.

Governance The board comprises seven members with two directors representing the sponsoring family, including the Chairman and the CEO. The remaining directors include two independent members, one executive directors, while all other members are non-executive directors working with other Nishat Group entities. Board members have diversified experience and relatively long association with the Company. The Chairman of the board – Mr. Hassan Mansha – carries with him over two decades of experience in the textile value chain. Appropriate board size and presence of independent oversight bodes well for effective governance. Meanwhile, the Company's board has two board committees, the Audit, and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee, to assist the board on relevant matters. M/s. Riaz Ahmad & Company, Chartered Accountants, listed on panel of SBP, are the external auditor of the Company. The auditors have expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements for the period ending June, 2021. The auditors have a satisfactory QCR rating from ICAP.

Management Management control vests with Nishat Group, with a well-defined reporting line to ensure smooth operations and efficiency. Mr. Umer Mansha – the CEO – primarily manages the Company's affairs and is supported by a team of seasoned professionals. Mr. Umer Mansha is associated with the Company since 1994. The Company's management meetings are held on a periodic basis to ensure efficiency and formulate strategic plans. The top management tier ensures effective delegation of functional responsibility across various departments, facilitating smooth flow of operations. The Company's monthly MIS comprises comprehensive segment and unit-wise performance reports including daily raw material consumption, production, inventory status and monthly pricing analysis, comparison of actual vs. budgeted performance, export vs. imports, and plant efficiency reports. Nishat Mills deploys Oracle-based Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system that provides comprehensive MIS reporting. The Company is accredited with international certifications for compliance. Nishat Mills has valid certificates for its products and facilities and is periodically audited to ensure compliance.

Business Risk During the period FY22, textile exports surged ~25% YoY, fielding \$19.3 billion in total export remittances, as compared to \$15.4 billion in FY21. This is attributable to an increase in demand for textile products internationally and the channeling of export orders toward the Pakistani market. On a YoY basis, the exports of value-added textile items increased in both quantity and value. Going forward, the textile sector's outlook is expected to stay positive in the medium term where the demand for textile products is expected to sustain. In the local market, the textile sector has recorded strong performance. The relief measures introduced by the State Bank of Pakistan such as deferment of loan payments for one year, low-interest rates, and a salary refinance scheme also provided comfort to the sector. Many players have also availed of the TERF scheme announced by the Central Bank. This will lead to the overall leverage of the sector to increase; however, on relaxed financing rates. The sustainability of the demand pattern for the current higher orders from Europe and the USA remains essential for the feasible utilization of added capacity by textile players. Nishat Mills is the largest composite textile unit in Pakistan with considerable representation, throughout the textile value chain. During FY22, the Company's top-line clocked in at PKR 115.8bln (FY21: PKR 71.4bln), posting notable growth of ~62.18%. The growth is driven by both favorable rate and volume variance. The sales mix of Nishat Mills continued to be dominated by exports of ~65% in FY22. While the GP Margin has meagerly increased to FY22: ~15% (FY21: ~13%). While the operating profit margin has increased from FY21: ~6.8% to FY22: ~8.6%. Despite an increase in raw material and energy costs, gross margin increased mainly on the back of better marketing strategies. Another reason for the increase was the depreciation of the Pak Rupee against the US dollar by ~30% during the year. Profit after tax of the company also sizably enhanced to PKR 10.3bln in FY22 (FY21: PKR 5.9bln). The Company is continuously in the process of up-gradation and expansion. Expansion in the spinning and towel segment is expected to have a further positive impact on the volumes of the Company. Recently, the increase in cotton prices has resulted in inventory gains for many players. The company, however, planned to cover annual raw cotton requirements with a mix of local and imported cotton by closely watching market dynamics.

Financial Risk The Company meets its working capital requirements through a mix of internal generation and short-term borrowings (STBs). With the decrease in average inventory days, a slight decrease in net working capital days was recorded in FY22 at ~82days (FY21: ~94days). During FY22, Nishat Mills' cashflows (FCFO) improved to PKR 11.9bln as compared to PKR 6.3bln in the same period last year. Consequently, interest coverage improved (FY22: ~8.2x, FY21: ~7.1x) and remained strong. Debt coverages also improved (FY22: ~2.2x, FY21: ~1.2x). The gearing of the company has increased as at end of FY22 to ~34.68% (end of FY21: ~27.97%). During FY22, out of total Debt, short-term borrowing constitutes ~61.7% increase from ~54.3% in FY21. Further, approximately 83% of total borrowing is borrowed from SBP at concessionary rates.

Instrument Rating Considerations

About The Instrument Nishat Mills Limited will issue a rated, unsecured, privately placed, short-term, sukuk of PKR 10bln (plus green shoe option of PKR 2.5bln) at face value to finance the working capital requirement of the Company. The instrument will be having a tenor of 6 months. Profit will be paid quarterly in arrears on the outstanding principal amount at the rate of 3MK+90bps. The principal payment would be made in bullet payment at the time of maturity. The Issuer will have an option to redeem in full or part the outstanding face value of the Sukuk. The Call Option may be exercised by the Issuer at any time on or after 3 (three) months from the Issue Date by giving to the Certificate Holders and the Musharaka Agent at least 15 (fifteen) days' prior notice in writing. In case of exercise of the Call Option, the Issuer will pay the outstanding Issue Price allocated to then outstanding Sukuk Certificates along with any declared Profit Payment Amount. In case of partial Call Option, the Sukuk Certificates shall be redeemed from each Certificate Holder on a pro-rata basis. If the pro-rata calculated number of Sukuk Certificates so redeemable from a Sukuk Holder is not a whole number, it shall be rounded up to the next whole number. Any notice of Call Option or Partial Call Option, once issued shall be irrevocable.

Relative Seniority/Subordination Of Instrument

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Credit Enhancement} \ \ \textbf{The instrument is unsecured}.$



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Financial Summary

PKR mln

The Lakistan Credit Rating Agency Elimited				I KK IIII
Nishat Mills Limited	Jun-22	Jun-21	Jun-20	Jun-19
Composite and Garments	12M	12M	12M	12M
A BALANCE SHEET				
1 Non-Current Assets	40,336	36,552	31,703	29,35
2 Investments	475	480	456	1,02
3 Related Party Exposure	43,950	55,923	46,620	41,64
4 Current Assets	52,774	38,158	31,883	28,52
a Inventories	31,827	17,973	20,754	17,00
b Trade Receivables	10,366	6,549	4,327	4,71
5 Total Assets	137,535	131,112	110,661	100,54
6 Current Liabilities	12,826	9,806	9,675	8,68
a Trade Payables	8,193	6,251	6,689	6,2.
7 Borrowings	43,317	34,502	29,256	25,0
8 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	2,191	1,056	303	2
10 Net Assets	79,201	85,748	71,428	66,6
11 Shareholders' Equity	79,201	85,748	71,428	66,6
INCOME STATEMENT				
INCOME STATEMENT	115 760	71 421	60.004	62.4
1 Sales	115,768	71,431	60,904	63,49
a Cost of Good Sold	(98,432)	(62,113)	(53,628)	(55,8-
2 Gross Profit	17,336	9,318	7,276	7,6
a Operating Expenses	(7,337)	(4,437)	(4,114)	(3,8
3 Operating Profit	9,999	4,881	3,162	3,7
a Non Operating Income or (Expense)	5,069	3,418	2,819	4,7
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	15,068	8,300	5,982	8,5
a Total Finance Cost	(2,161)	(1,229)	(1,502)	(1,6)
b Taxation	(2,596)	(1,148)	(973)	(1,0.
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	10,312	5,922	3,506	5,85
CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)	11,886	6,332	5,200	5,4
b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes	9,942	8,202	6,121	7,24
c Changes in Working Capital	(20,612)	576	(2,128)	(2,9)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	(10,670)	8,778	3,992	4,2
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(1,788)	(6,434)	(7,261)	(7,3
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	7,277	2,800	2,820	3,5
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(5,181)	5,144	(448)	4
RATIO ANALYSIS				
1 Performance				
a Sales Growth (for the period)	62.1%	17.3%	-4.1%	18.2%
b Gross Profit Margin	15.0%	13.0%	11.9%	12.1%
c Net Profit Margin	8.9%	8.3%	5.8%	9.2%
d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)	-7.5%	9.7%	5.0%	3.9%
e Return on Equity [Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/Sh	12.5%	7.5%	5.1%	8.2%
2 Working Capital Management	121070	71070	01170	0.270
a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)	105	127	140	109
b Net Working Capital (Average Days)	82	94	101	78
c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)	4.1	3.9	3.3	3.3
3 Coverages	1.1	3.7	5.5	5.5
a EBITDA / Finance Cost	8.5	8.8	5.0	4.6
b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB	2.0	1.2	2.7	1.7
c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)	1.6	2.9	2.5	1.8
4 Capital Structure	25 40/	29 70/	20.19/	27.20/
a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)	35.4%	28.7%	29.1%	27.3%
b Interest or Markup Payable (Days) c Entity Average Borrowing Rate	59.6 3.6%	80.0 2.9%	67.5 4.4%	61.8 5.2%

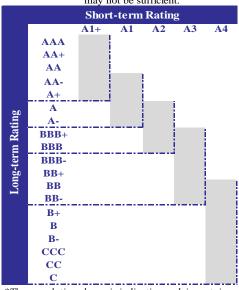


Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

	Long-term Rating
Scale	Definition
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A +	
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A -	
BBB+	
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	
ВВ	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB-	communents to be met.
B+	
В	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility.
CC C	Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.
D	Obligations are augmently in default
D	Obligations are currently in default.

	Short-term Rating
Scale	Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely
AI	repayment.
	A satisfactory capacity for timely
A2	repayment. This may be susceptible to
AZ	adverse changes in business,
	economic, or financial conditions.
	An adequate capacity for timely repayment.
A3	Such capacity is susceptible to adverse
	changes in business, economic, or financial
	The capacity for timely repayment is more
A4	susceptible to adverse changes in business,
	economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity
	may not be sufficient.



*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

Outlook (Stable, Positive,
Negative, Developing) Indicates
the potential and direction of a
rating over the intermediate term in
response to trends in economic
and/or fundamental
business/financial conditions. It is
not necessarily a precursor to a
rating change. 'Stable' outlook
means a rating is not likely to
change. 'Positive' means it may be
raised. 'Negative' means it may be
lowered. Where the trends have
conflicting elements, the outlook
may be described as 'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults., or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveill the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):

- a) Broker Entity Rating
- b) Corporate Rating
- c) Debt Instrument Rating
- d) Financial Institution Rating
- e) Holding Company Rating
- f) Independent Power Producer Rating
- g) Microfinance Institution Rating
- h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

Disclaimer: PACRA has used due care in preparation of this document. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA shall owe no liability whatsoever to any loss or damage caused by or resulting from any error in such information. Contents of PACRA documents may be used, with due care and in the right context, with credit to PACRA. Our reports and ratings constitute opinions, not recommendations to buy or to sell.

Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

(Credit Rating Companies Regulations, 2016)

Rating Team Statements

(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

Restrictions

- (3) No director, officer or employee of PACRA communicates the information, acquired by him for use for rating purposes, to any other person except where required under law to do so. | Chapter III; 10-(5)
- (4) PACRA does not disclose or discuss with outside parties or make improper use of the non-public information which has come to its knowledge during business relationship with the customer | Chapter III; 10-7-(d)
- (5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

Conduct of Business

- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).
- (8) PACRA prohibits its employees and analysts from soliciting money, gifts or favors from anyone with whom PACRA conducts business | Chapter III; 11-A-(q)
- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r) (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
- (11) PACRA promptly investigates, in the event of a misconduct or a breach of the policies, procedures and controls, and takes appropriate steps to rectify any weaknesses to prevent any recurrence along with suitable punitive action against the responsible employee(s) | Chapter III; 11-B-(m)

Independence & Conflict of interest

- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
- (14) PACRA discloses that no shareholder directly or indirectly holding 10% or more of the share capital of PACRA also holds directly or indirectly 10% or more of the share capital of the entity which is subject to rating or the entity which issued the instrument subject to rating by PACRA; | Reference Chapter III; 12-2-(f)
- (15) PACRA ensures that the rating assigned to an entity or instrument is not be affected by the existence of a business relationship between PACRA and the entity or any other party, or the non-existence of such a relationship | Chapter III; 12-2-(i)
- (16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)
- (17) PACRA has established policies and procedure governing investments and trading in securities by its employees and for monitoring the same to prevent insider trading, market manipulation or any other market abuse | Chapter III; 11-B-(g)

Monitoring and review

- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 18-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings on semi-annual basis or as and when required by any creditor or upon the occurrence of such an event which requires to do so; | Chapter III | 18-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 18-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 18-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e, probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past | Chapter III | 14-(f-VII)

Proprietary Information

(23) All information contained herein is considered proprietary by PACRA. Hence, none of the information in this document can be copied or, otherwise reproduced, stored or disseminated in whole or in part in any form or by any means whatsoever by any person without PACRA's prior written consent



Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Nature of Instrument	Size of Issue (PKR)	Tenor	Security	Book Value of Assets (PKR mln)	Nature of Assets	Trustee		
Rated, Unsecured, Privately Placed Short Term Sukuk	PKR 12.5bln	6 months	Unsecured	N/A	N/A	Pak Oman Investement Company Limited		
Name of Issuer Issue Date	Nishat Mills Limited TBI							
Maturity Profit Rate	TBI 3M KIBOR + 0.9%							

Nishat Mills Limited | PPSTS | Redemption Schedule

Sr.	Due Date Principal	Opening Principal	3M Kibor	Markup/Profit Rate (3MK + 0.9%)	Markup/Profit Payment	Principal Payment	Total	Principal Outstanding
		PKR (mln)		,		PK	KR (mln)	
Issue Date	Oct-22	12,500					-	12,500
1	Jan-23	12,500	15.81%	16.71%	522		522	12,500
2	Apr-23	12,500	15.81%	16.71%	522	12,500	13,022	-
					1,044	12,500	13,544	