



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Rating Report

Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited | PPSTS | PKR 3bln | Apr-24

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Rating History

Dissemination Date	Long Term Rating	Short Term Rating	Outlook	Action	Rating Watch
23-May-2024	A+	A1	Stable	Initial	-
05-Apr-2024	A+	A1	Stable	Preliminary	-

Rating Rationale and Key Rating Drivers

Mughal is a known name in the steel industry. The Company's business profile has sustained and improving, over the last few years. Governance framework is strengthened by presence of independent oversight on board. The Company has a diversified product slate as its operating both in ferrous & non-ferrous segments. The ferrous segment comprises Billets, Rebars & Girders while the non-ferrous segment mainly comprises Copper related products. Due to increase in volumes as compared to corresponding period, the Company reported a remarkable growth of ~38% in its topline, reaching PKR ~67bln in 9MFY24 (9MFY23: PKR ~48.5bln). A distinguished achievement has been the geographical diversification of its revenue streams, particularly through significant contributions from exports of Copper Ingots and granules to China, which accounted for ~22.9% of revenue as at end Mar'24. This not only bolstered the top line but also ensured a sustained profit stream in the future. However, net margins saw a decline, primarily attributed to high finance costs. The Company's leveraging ratio stood at around 52% in Mar'24. Apart from banking facilities, the Company is also relying on a few privately placed issued instruments to fuel increase in its WC requirements.

The ratings are dependent upon the Company's ability to sustain its healthy business profile amidst exposure to overall economic slowdown and inflation, herein, effective and prudent management of financial risk indicators remain important. As PPSTS issued, Mughal shall ensure that it has adequate liquidity available in the form of cash and /or cash equivalents and / or unutilized credit limits with financial institutions to fully settle the due amount (both principal and interest) on the due date. This is a contingency arrangement, as the Company plans to settle it through its internal cash generation. Furthermore, the Issuer undertakes to share utilization status of its available working capital lines on a monthly basis with Issue Agent, for onwards sharing with the Investors. Moreover, upholding of governance framework is vital.

Disclosure

Name of Rated Entity	Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited PPSTS PKR 3bln Apr-24
Type of Relationship	Solicited
Purpose of the Rating	Debt Instrument Rating
Applicable Criteria	Methodology Correlation Between Long-term & Short-term Rating Scales(Jul-23),Methodology Debt Instrument Rating(Dec-23),Methodology Rating Modifiers(Apr-24)
Related Research	Sector Study Steel(Sep-23)
Rating Analysts	Ali Arslan Malik Ali.Arslan@pacra.com +92-42-35869504

Issuer Profile

Profile Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited "MISIL" or "the Company" is a listed Company since March 2015. Its shares are traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX). The Company operates through its registered head office located in Lahore while the factory is located at 17 KM's Sheikhpura Road with sales centers located at Badami Bagh Lahore. It is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sale of billets, girders, and rebars and has also diversified into non-ferrous segment through exports of copper.

Ownership Presently, the Company is majority (~76%) owned by Mughal family, followed by Financial Institutions, and general public. The sponsors – the Mughal family – carry over five decades of experience in steel and allied business.

Governance The overall control of the Company vests in the nine members' board of directors, wherein six are from sponsoring family including the Chairman and the CEO, while three are independent members. M/s Fazal Mahmood & Company, Chartered Accountants, classified in category 'C' by SBP in 2017 and having a QCR rating and M/s Muniff Ziauddin & Company, Chartered Accountants are the external auditors of the Company who expressed an unqualified opinion for the Financial statements of end-June'23.

Management Mughal has a streamlined organizational structure with clearly demarcated roles and a high degree of delegation. The reporting lines are segregated between two executive directors and CEO which in turn report to the BoD. The current structure results in strong decision-making and brings operational efficiencies. Mr. Khurram Javid (CEO) has been instrumental in improving the overall HR quality of the Company. He is supported by a team of experienced individuals equipped with the necessary technical skills and relevant industry experience.

Business Risk The country's annual demand for steel products was recorded at ~11.2mln MT during FY23 (FY22: ~13.6mln MT) down ~17.6% YoY basis, with imports comprising ~39.2% of the total consumption and recording ~42.1% decline YoY. This largely resulted from SBP-imposed import curbs during FY23, a short-term intervention to control the depleting foreign exchange reserves. Due to non-availability of raw material, local production also recorded ~10.1% decline YoY, resulting in higher local prices and reflecting in lower consumption levels, vis-à-vis high levels of inflation and a slowdown in the construction sector. High dependence on imported raw material exposes the sector to changes in international raw material prices and exchange rate fluctuations. Going forward, although the SBP has lifted the restrictions on imports, the segment will likely remain exposed to PKR depreciation and high local interest rates, on account of a slowdown in the economy which has managed to continue in FY24. The "Long Steel Products" segment's prominent players include Amreli Steel, Mughal Steel and Agha Steel. Mughal Steel has diversity in its product slate and its profiling has significantly improved post listing on PSX. The expansion projects related to 'Additional power and melting capacity', 'Replacement of Re-Rolling Bar Mill', additional furnace in ferrous segment as well as achievement of COD of project relating to feedstock processing plant for non-ferrous segment in June 23 have enabled Mughal to further strengthen its market positioning. During 9MFY24, topline witnessed growth PTP and was recorded at PKR 67.134bln (9MFY23: PKR 48.479bln; FY23: PKR 67.390bln) primarily due to increase in volumes and selling prices while Gross Profit witnessed a same trend on period to period basis and was recorded at PKR 6.434bln in 9MFY24 (9MFY23: PKR 6.614bln; FY23: PKR 9.671bln) due to inflationary pressures. Going forward, we expect further increase in revenues due to recent nonferrous expansion which shall increase Company's exports, thus hedging it against \$US as well as reducing its reliance on imports as significant requirement of ferrous segment's raw materials will be met in-house. During 9MFY24, Mughal's gross, operating and net margins witnessed decline as per reported figures (Gross: 9MFY24: 9.6%; FY23: 14.4%; FY22: 15.3%), (Operating: 9MFY24: 8.5%; FY23: 13.1%; FY22: 13.9%) & (Net: 9MFY24: 2.1%; FY23: 5.2%; FY22: 8.2%) due to rising inflation, depreciating currency, high discount rates and increase in energy cost which impacted the overall performance of the Company. Going forward, the impact of increase in base discount rate will continue to impact the performance of the Company. The Company is otherwise bullish on the market side and has adopted a policy of transparency as business house.

Financial Risk During 9MFY24, Mughal's working capital requirements, represented by net cash cycle decreased to 119days (end-Jun 23: 145days; end-Jun22: 119days). This is due to decrease in inventory days to 94 days (Inventory days: FY23: 112days; FY22: 94days) and receivable days stood at 35 days (Receivable days: FY23: 40days; FY22: 30days), primarily due to increase in prices as well as in operations. The Company manages its working capital requirements through mix of internal generation, privately placed instruments (sukuks) and short-term borrowings. As at end-Mar'24, STBs were recorded at PKR 23.920bln (FY23: PKR 20.995bln; FY22: PKR 20.619bln) while FCFO's were recorded at PKR 5.725bln (FY23: PKR 8.245bln; FY22: PKR 8.726bln). The Company has currently issued short term instrument of PKR 3bln to finance its increased working capital requirements. Due to upwelling in debt levels and increased key policy rates, finance cost increased to PKR 4.693bln (9MFY23: PKR 2.906bln; FY23: PKR 4.423bln). Resultantly dip has been witnessed in Interest coverage ratio which was recorded at 1.2x in 1HFY24 (9MFY23: 2.2x; FY23: 1.9x). Mughal's D/E ratio stood at ~51.8% at end-Mar'24 (end-Jun23: ~50.6%, end-Jun22: 55.5%). Long-term debt of the Company stood at PKR 2.282bln as at end-Mar'24 (end-Jun23: PKR 3.302bln, end-Jun22: PKR 4.028bln). The Company is making timely repayments of the due installments. Short-term borrowing contributed a significant portion to the total debt (STB: end-Mar'24: 86.5%; end-Jun23: 80.8%; end-Jun22: 79.4%). To finance increased WC requirements of the Company, management is in the process of renewal of existing bank lines as well as enhancement of their limits apart from issuance of sukus.

Instrument Rating Considerations

About The Instrument Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited (MISIL) issued a PKR 3,000mln Short Term Sukuk (PPSTS) on April 18th, 2024 to bolster its working capital. This issuance replaces a PKR 2,000mln Commercial Paper (PPCP) issued on April 6, 2023, and matured on January 1, 2024. The financial covenants, finalized based on due diligence, will include: i) Minimum Current Ratio of 1.0x; ii) Minimum historical DSCR of 1.1x; & iii) Maximum Leverage Ratio of 3.5x will be maintained during the transaction tenor. Though unsecured, MISIL ensure that it has adequate liquidity available in the form of cash and /or cash equivalents and / or unutilized credit limits with financial institutions to fully settle the due amount (both principal and interest) on the due date. Furthermore, the Issuer undertakes to share utilization status of its available working capital lines on a monthly basis with Issue Agent, for onwards sharing with the Investors. The tenor of PPSTS will be 6 months and is carrying a profit rate of 22.78% p.a.(6MK+110bps). Profit and principal will be realized at the time of maturity.

Relative Seniority/Subordination Of Instrument The claim of the certificate holders will rank superior to the claim of ordinary shareholders.

Credit Enhancement The instrument is unsecured.



The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited

Financial Summary

PKR mn

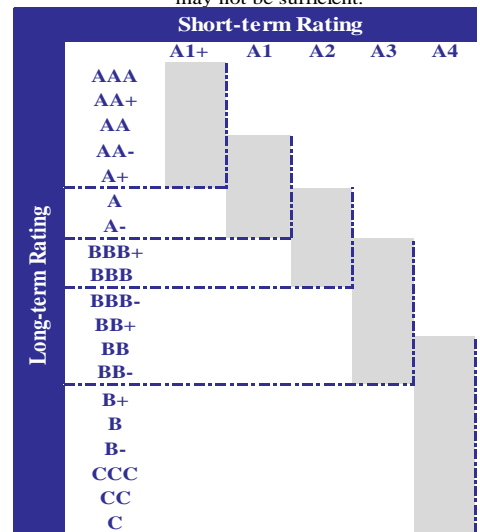
Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited Steel	Mar-24 9M	Jun-23 12M	Jun-22 12M	Jun-21 12M
A BALANCE SHEET				
1 Non-Current Assets	19,538	19,761	16,533	15,859
2 Investments	3,203	50	-	-
3 Related Party Exposure	-	-	-	-
4 Current Assets	44,369	40,021	36,553	25,941
<i>a Inventories</i>	25,976	20,219	21,043	13,181
<i>b Trade Receivables</i>	7,814	9,283	5,574	5,259
5 Total Assets	67,110	59,832	53,085	41,800
6 Current Liabilities	9,863	3,905	3,314	1,992
<i>a Trade Payables</i>	3,829	1,299	1,357	455
7 Borrowings	27,663	25,983	25,941	20,809
8 Related Party Exposure	-	6	25	-
9 Non-Current Liabilities	3,895	4,565	2,959	2,494
10 Net Assets	25,690	25,372	20,847	16,505
11 Shareholders' Equity	25,690	25,372	20,847	16,505
B INCOME STATEMENT				
1 Sales	67,134	67,390	66,153	44,972
<i>a Cost of Good Sold</i>	(60,699)	(57,719)	(56,025)	(38,280)
2 Gross Profit	6,434	9,671	10,128	6,691
<i>a Operating Expenses</i>	(749)	(837)	(951)	(792)
3 Operating Profit	5,685	8,834	9,177	5,899
<i>a Non Operating Income or (Expense)</i>	39	(64)	(353)	(367)
4 Profit or (Loss) before Interest and Tax	5,724	8,770	8,824	5,532
<i>a Total Finance Cost</i>	(4,693)	(4,423)	(2,622)	(1,370)
<i>b Taxation</i>	360	(866)	(791)	(732)
6 Net Income Or (Loss)	1,391	3,480	5,411	3,429
C CASH FLOW STATEMENT				
<i>a Free Cash Flows from Operations (FCFO)</i>	5,725	8,245	8,726	5,564
<i>b Net Cash from Operating Activities before Working Capital Changes</i>	1,287	4,385	6,233	3,885
<i>c Changes in Working Capital</i>	1,393	(5,024)	(6,247)	(9,982)
1 Net Cash provided by Operating Activities	2,680	(639)	(15)	(6,097)
2 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Investing Activities	(3,288)	(1,666)	(1,171)	(1,263)
3 Net Cash (Used in) or Available From Financing Activities	597	27	4,126	7,235
4 Net Cash generated or (Used) during the period	(11)	(2,278)	2,941	(125)
D RATIO ANALYSIS				
1 Performance				
<i>a Sales Growth (for the period)</i>	32.8%	1.9%	47.1%	64.7%
<i>b Gross Profit Margin</i>	9.6%	14.4%	15.3%	14.9%
<i>c Net Profit Margin</i>	2.1%	5.2%	8.2%	7.6%
<i>d Cash Conversion Efficiency (FCFO adjusted for Working Capital/Sales)</i>	10.6%	4.8%	3.7%	-9.8%
<i>e Return on Equity [Net Profit Margin * Asset Turnover * (Total Assets/S</i>	7.3%	15.1%	29.0%	27.8%
2 Working Capital Management				
<i>a Gross Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	129	152	124	111
<i>b Net Working Capital (Average Days)</i>	119	145	119	106
<i>c Current Ratio (Current Assets / Current Liabilities)</i>	4.5	10.2	11.0	13.0
3 Coverages				
<i>a EBITDA / Finance Cost</i>	1.3	2.3	3.8	4.6
<i>b FCFO / Finance Cost+CMLTB+Excess STB</i>	1.0	1.4	2.3	2.6
<i>c Debt Payback (Total Borrowings+Excess STB) / (FCFO-Finance Cost)</i>	2.7	1.3	0.9	1.1
4 Capital Structure				
<i>a Total Borrowings / (Total Borrowings+Shareholders' Equity)</i>	51.8%	50.6%	55.5%	55.8%
<i>b Interest or Markup Payable (Days)</i>	57.6	75.9	54.5	69.1
<i>c Entity Average Borrowing Rate</i>	23.1%	16.5%	10.1%	7.0%

Credit Rating

Credit rating reflects forward-looking opinion on credit worthiness of underlying entity or instrument; more specifically it covers relative ability to honor financial obligations. The primary factor being captured on the rating scale is relative likelihood of default.

Scale	Long-term Rating Definition
AAA	Highest credit quality. Lowest expectation of credit risk. Indicate exceptionally strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments
AA+	
AA	Very high credit quality. Very low expectation of credit risk. Indicate very strong capacity for timely payment of financial commitments. This capacity is not significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events.
AA-	
A+	
A	High credit quality. Low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered strong. This capacity may, nevertheless, be vulnerable to changes in circumstances or in economic conditions.
A-	
BBB+	
BBB	Good credit quality. Currently a low expectation of credit risk. The capacity for timely payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse changes in circumstances and in economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.
BBB-	
BB+	
BB	Moderate risk. Possibility of credit risk developing. There is a possibility of credit risk developing, particularly as a result of adverse economic or business changes over time; however, business or financial alternatives may be available to allow financial commitments to be met.
BB-	
B+	
B	High credit risk. A limited margin of safety remains against credit risk. Financial commitments are currently being met; however, capacity for continued payment is contingent upon a sustained, favorable business and economic environment.
B-	
CCC	
CC	Very high credit risk. Substantial credit risk "CCC" Default is a real possibility. Capacity for meeting financial commitments is solely reliant upon sustained, favorable business or economic developments. "CC" Rating indicates that default of some kind appears probable. "C" Ratings signal imminent default.
C	
D	Obligations are currently in default.

Scale	Short-term Rating Definition
A1+	The highest capacity for timely repayment.
A1	A strong capacity for timely repayment.
A2	A satisfactory capacity for timely repayment. This may be susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A3	An adequate capacity for timely repayment. Such capacity is susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions.
A4	The capacity for timely repayment is more susceptible to adverse changes in business, economic, or financial conditions. Liquidity may not be sufficient.



*The correlation shown is indicative and, in certain cases, may not hold.

Outlook (Stable, Positive, Negative, Developing) Indicates the potential and direction of a rating over the intermediate term in response to trends in economic and/or fundamental business/financial conditions. It is not necessarily a precursor to a rating change. 'Stable' outlook means a rating is not likely to change. 'Positive' means it may be raised. 'Negative' means it may be lowered. Where the trends have conflicting elements, the outlook may be described as 'Developing'.

Rating Watch Alerts to the possibility of a rating change subsequent to, or, in anticipation of some material identifiable event with indeterminable rating implications. But it does not mean that a rating change is inevitable. A watch should be resolved within foreseeable future, but may continue if underlying circumstances are not settled. Rating watch may accompany rating outlook of the respective opinion.

Suspension It is not possible to update an opinion due to lack of requisite information. Opinion should be resumed in foreseeable future. However, if this does not happen within six (6) months, the rating should be considered withdrawn.

Withdrawn A rating is withdrawn on a) termination of rating mandate, b) the debt instrument is redeemed, c) the rating remains suspended for six months, d) the entity/issuer defaults, or/and e) PACRA finds it impractical to surveil the opinion due to lack of requisite information.

Harmonization A change in rating due to revision in applicable methodology or underlying scale.

Surveillance. Surveillance on a publicly disseminated rating opinion is carried out on an ongoing basis till it is formally suspended or withdrawn. A comprehensive surveillance of rating opinion is carried out at least once every six months. However, a rating opinion may be reviewed in the intervening period if it is necessitated by any material happening.

Note. This scale is applicable to the following methodology(s):
 a) Broker Entity Rating
 b) Corporate Rating
 c) Debt Instrument Rating
 d) Financial Institution Rating
 e) Holding Company Rating
 f) Independent Power Producer Rating
 g) Microfinance Institution Rating
 h) Non-Banking Finance Companies Rating

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(1) Rating is just an opinion about the creditworthiness of the entity and does not constitute recommendation to buy, hold or sell any security of the entity rated or to buy, hold or sell the security rated, as the case may be | Chapter III; 14-3-(x)

2) Conflict of Interest

- i. The Rating Team or any of their family members have no interest in this rating | Chapter III; 12-2-(j)
- ii. PACRA, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee, and their family members, do not have any conflict of interest relating to the rating done by them | Chapter III; 12-2-(e) & (k)
- iii. The analyst is not a substantial shareholder of the customer being rated by PACRA [Annexure F; d-(ii)] Explanation: for the purpose of above clause, the term "family members" shall include only those family members who are dependent on the analyst and members of the rating committee

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- (5) PACRA does not make proposals or recommendations regarding the activities of rated entities that could impact a credit rating of entity subject to rating | Chapter III; 10-7-(k)

Conduct of Business

- (6) PACRA fulfills its obligations in a fair, efficient, transparent and ethical manner and renders high standards of services in performing its functions and obligations; | Chapter III; 11-A-(a)
- (7) PACRA uses due care in preparation of this Rating Report. Our information has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable but its accuracy or completeness is not guaranteed. PACRA does not, in every instance, independently verifies or validates information received in the rating process or in preparing this Rating Report | Clause 11-(A)(p).
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- (9) PACRA ensures before commencement of the rating process that an analyst or employee has not had a recent employment or other significant business or personal relationship with the rated entity that may cause or may be perceived as causing a conflict of interest; | Chapter III; 11-A-(r)
- (10) PACRA maintains principal of integrity in seeking rating business | Chapter III; 11-A-(u)
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- (12) PACRA receives compensation from the entity being rated or any third party for the rating services it offers. The receipt of this compensation has no influence on PACRA's opinions or other analytical processes. In all instances, PACRA is committed to preserving the objectivity, integrity and independence of its ratings. Our relationship is governed by two distinct mandates i) rating mandate - signed with the entity being rated or issuer of the debt instrument, and fee mandate - signed with the payer, which can be different from the entity
- (13) PACRA does not provide consultancy/advisory services or other services to any of its customers or to any of its customers' associated companies and associated undertakings that is being rated or has been rated by it during the preceding three years unless it has adequate mechanism in place ensuring that provision of such services does not lead to a conflict of interest situation with its rating activities; | Chapter III; 12-2-(d)
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- (16) PACRA ensures that the analysts or any of their family members shall not buy or sell or engage in any transaction in any security which falls in the analyst's area of primary analytical responsibility. This clause shall, however, not be applicable on investment in securities through collective investment schemes. | Chapter III; 12-2-(l)
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- (18) PACRA monitors all the outstanding ratings continuously and any potential change therein due to any event associated with the issuer, the security arrangement, the industry etc., is disseminated to the market, immediately and in effective manner, after appropriate consultation with the entity/issuer; | Chapter III | 17-(a)
- (19) PACRA reviews all the outstanding ratings periodically, on annual basis; Provided that public dissemination of annual review and, in an instance of change in rating will be made; | Chapter III | 17-(b)
- (20) PACRA initiates immediate review of the outstanding rating upon becoming aware of any information that may reasonably be expected to result in downgrading of the rating; | Chapter III | 17-(c)
- (21) PACRA engages with the issuer and the debt securities trustee, to remain updated on all information pertaining to the rating of the entity/instrument; | Chapter III | 17-(d)

Probability of Default

(22) PACRA's Rating Scale reflects the expectation of credit risk. The highest rating has the lowest relative likelihood of default (i.e., probability). PACRA's transition studies capture the historical performance behavior of a specific rating notch. Transition behavior of the assigned rating can be obtained from PACRA's Transition Study available at our website. (www.pacra.com). However, actual transition of rating may not follow the pattern observed in the past; | Chapter III | 14-3(f)(vii)

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Regulatory and Supplementary Disclosure

Nature of Instrument	Size of Issue (PKR)	Tenor	Security	Quantum of Security	Nature of Assets	Trustee	Book Value of Assets (PKR mln)
Rated, Unsecured, Privately Placed Short Term Sukuk (PPSTS)	3,000 mln	6 months	Unsecured	N/A	N/A	AKBL	N/A

Name of Issuer	Mughal Iron & Steel Industries Limited
Issue Date	18-Apr-24
Maturity	15-Oct-24
Profit Rate	6M KIBOR + 110bps p.a.

Due Date Principal*	Opening Principal	Principal Repayment*	Due Date Markup/ Profit*	Markup/Profit rate	6M Kibor Plus 110bps	Markup/Profit Payment	Installment Payable	Principal Outstanding
	PKR in mln							
Issuance								3,000
18-Apr-24	3,000			6M KIBOR + 1.1%	22.78%		-	3,000
15-Oct-24	3,000	3,000	15-Oct-24	6M KIBOR + 1.1%	22.78%	342	3,342	-
		3,000				342	3,342	